Beaver & Gephart

Bellefonte Republican.

Established in 1869.} "Let us see to it that a Government, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."---A. LINCOLN. {Terms: $2.00 per annum

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Bellefonte Republican.
By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.
Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND may not be a spiritualist, but he is a medium sort of a man.

DR. HIGBEE refuses to resign. Wonder if he is a bigger man than the Governor?

THE West Shore has just executed a mortgage to run until the year 2361. Very few of us, except Sammy Tilden, will live to see it foreclosed.

THE sale of the peachblow vase was a great thing for the American pottery industry. Every pottery in the country is blowing about its peachblows.

THE Blair Educational Bill and the Labor Bill do not meet with much favor in Congress. Democracy is naturally opposed to education and labor.

MISS CLEVELAND declines to be interviewed as to her big brother's matrimonial intentions. This may compel the Senate to call for the papers in the case.

SOME young lady is claiming that she is to be wedded to President Cleveland in June. If the President were to give this news to the public it would be received as more reliable.

FREE TRADER HURD has been heard in his own behalf in Congress and has been rejected. It was a brazen piece of impudence on his part to ask for the seat of Mr. Romeis.

THE street cars in Montgomery, Ala. are run by electricity. It is odd that an advance of so much importance should have been made at a point so remote from the centres of scientific knowledge.

SOME persons in New York City are boycotting Mrs. Gray, who owns and operates a small bakery in that city. If these boycotters are men they should be ashamed of themselves. The idea of boycotting a woman!

MUCH to the delight of the Republicans the Democratic organs are still running Col. M. S. Quay for United States senator. He would make an excellent member of that dignified body and represent the State with marked ability.

MARTIN IRONS and his colleagues may have stolen Gould's telegrams from the wire, but the probability is that they did not. It is quite like Gould and his minions to trump up some such false charge against the chief figures of the Southwest strike.

THE soldier's orphan school scandal has been brought to a close by the discharge of Mr. Sayre and Mrs. Hutter and a request for Dr. Higbee's resignation Gen. Louis Wagner has been requested to accept the position of inspector and examiner. He has accepted.

WHILE George A. Jenks, of Brookville, Pa., was in Washington, performing the duties of his office—that of assistant secretary of the interior department—his house at Brookville was robbed and $1,000 worth of silverware taken. The robbers must have committed other depredations as the account says "the upper rooms look as if a cyclone had struck them.

BEFORE the next State Senator from this district is elected there is one question on which he must give his opinion—Does he favor the whipping post for wife beaters? Another attempt is to be made to enact such a law at the next session and the representative from this district must vote in favor of it. Clinton county wants the Senator this time. Can she name a man who is right on this question?

WM. H. VANDERBILT had the notion that New York ought to be the medical centre of the country, and about eighteen months ago he gave the College of Physicians and Surgeons $500,000, for the express purpose of buying grounds and erecting buildings. The family soon became imbued with Mr. Vanderbilt's interest for the Medical College Mr. Vanderbilt's daughter, Mrs. Sloan, gave a Maternity Hospital to the institution. The Vanderbilt Clinic, the result of the last donation of $250,000, is the joint gift of the four sons.

No Third Party.

Two events of quite recent occurrence mark the progress of prohibition sentiment, without that outrageous and self-destructive concomitant—the third party.

The election in Rhode Island, involving the adoption of the prohibition amendment to the State Constitution, showed that the heavy vote cast for the amendment was brought out by the non-partisan character of the prohibition campaign. The leaders were wise enough to sink all pretence of a third-party movement. Neither Republicans nor Democrats were solicited to transfer their allegiance. Every argument was founded on social and moral considerations; every appeal was to the reason and conscience of the voter, not to his political convictions. The Rhode Island press concurs in asserting that it was the absence of partisanship which carried the amendment. The question was prudently kept altogether apart from politics, and the Woman's Christian Temperance Union contributed powerfully to impress upon the voters the non-partisan character of the campaign. Prohibition, as the title of a party, did not figure in the contest, and there can be no doubt that the success of the movement against the saloons is due to this.

The second recent event which has the same significance for the Prohibitionists is the passage by the Maryland Legislature of the bill providing for the introduction and use of temperance text-books in the public schools. At a meeting of the Maryland Temperance League the chairman of the Committee on Temperance Text-Books read a report of the work done before the Legislature in securing the passage of the bill, and therein showed that the success of the effort was entirely due to the non-partisan character of the agitation. Here again the Women's Christian Temperance Union was foremost in the labor, and the committee frankly acknowledged that the triumph is theirs, "for without them, as two years ago, it would have proved a failure." The importance and scope of this testimony must be perceived at once. Here again the agitation which, when conducted on a third party basis, fails, is successful, as is freely admitted, only because the non-partisan attitude is adopted. The Maryland victory of the Prohibition measure, like the Rhode Island victory is explained by the abandonment of the partisan position. Had the Maryland Prohibitionists gone to the Legislature as third party agitators, they admit themselves that they would have failed to get their bill through. They were sensible enough to perceive this, and so they succeeded.

We recommend these pregnant examples to the careful consideration of the Prohibition press all over the country. They are striking proofs of what can be done by non-partisan effort; and not less striking proofs of the necessity of separating prohibition agitation from partisanship, if it is to be made successful. Neither in Rhode Island or in Maryland could the recent prohibition enterprises have been carried through on any other than a non partisan basis. The Rhode Island temperance people were indeed so far from realizing the strength of their new policy that, judging by the past, they anticipated defeat. The truth is that in both cases they cast off a fatal clog, and put themselves in a practically unassailable position. Such occurrences, however, will be of little ulterior benefit if the lessons of them is not learned. An attempt to claim the events cited as victories of the Prohibition party would be not only fatuous but suicidal. The temperance sentiment in the country is plainly strong and growing. It can be evoked on the simple merits of the question with powerful effect, but every attempt to link it with politics prevents its free expression and reacts disastrously upon the experimenters. If the Prohibition press will realize this truth and act upon it, the cause of temperance will receive an impetus such as it has sought in vain through the third party method.

The Tornado Season.

The telegraphic dispatches which have appeared in this paper give as full particulars as space will permit of the great tornado which proved so terribly destructive in Minnesota. A more destructive tornado has never been known and it ushers in the spring of '86 in a truly alarming way. The advantages of abode in the west and northwest are greatly reduced by the frequent visits of these storms, keeping the inhabitants in a state of constant terror.

The revised estimates of the killed and wounded are: St. Cloud, 32 killed, 54 injured; Sauk Rapids, 31 killed, 100 injured; Rices' Station, 22 killed, 55 injured.

The Irish Land Scheme.

Gladstone has presented his Irish Land scheme to Parliament and, with his usual sagacity, enforces its advocacy, with incontrovertible arguments in its favor. Instead of the heavy burden of appropriation and taxation which it was expected to be, he shows that it will be an economic move. The expense which will attach to the purchase of these holdings for the benefit of the Irish tenants will not be as great per annum as is now required to keep a standing army of 25,000 men in that country. The land scheme and home rule scheme, if enacted by this parliament, will be a glorious work and will satisfactorily adjust the Irish question.

The London papers and people complain that Gladstone, in his explanation of the Land Bill, Friday night, was not as lucid as usual and hence it is not yet fully understood. In this country the papers and people state that if the bill is not thoroughly understood in England it certainly is not in America and reserve their views upon it. The *Chronicle Telegraph*, of Pittsburg, however, undertakes to give a brief explanation of just what the bill is as follows:

Gladstone's Irish Land bill, simply stated, is to give the landlords the option of selling their land to the Government, from which the renter can buy it, and pay for it in annual rent installments until the total payments equal the purchase money. The purchases are to be made through the issue of $900,000,000 of three per cent stock. The proposals as announced to the House of Commons Friday surprised all parties, being more moderate than had been expected. Nobody appears to be sufficiently well acquainted with the bill yet to form decided opinions, for it is a measure which requires careful study, and one which does not admit of an off hand approval or condemnation. Parnell seems to be satisfied with the principle of the bill, but criticises some of its provisions, reserving his opinion until he shall have studied it carefully. Mr. Chamberlain followed Mr. Gladstone in opposition, claiming that the bill was not so much intended as a benefit to the tenants as a sop to the landlords. He said he was opposed to it on principle, but his remarks did not carry much weight, for he went on to say that he was not an irreconcilable opponent of Mr. Gladstone's policy, and that if the Land bill should be sufficiently modified he would be happy to relinquish his attitude of opposition. It looks as though Mr. Chamberlain regrets having resigned, and is trying to let himself down as easily as he can.

SOME points of interest are disclosed by recent statistics of the British revenue. It was shown by the Chancellor of the Exchequer, in introducing the budget a day or two ago, that the revenue derived from spirits showed a persistent decline in comparison with the estimates for the year just closed and with receipts for the preceding year. Within the decade the decrease in revenue from alcohol has amounted in round numbers to nearly $12,500,000. This decline has been concurrent with an increase in the revenue from the comforts of life. Taken together the facts seem to reflect a change in popular habits. The most satisfactory feature of the lately issued revenue returns is the gain in the revenue derived from the post office and telegraph services, the returns from which have exceeded the estimates of the exchequer authorities.

Be Wary and Watchful.

The Morrison tariff bill occasions no concern because of the confident expectation that it will be defeated like previous free trade measures have been. But we caution the advocates of a protective tariff not to be too confident and to relinquish none of their efforts in opposition to it. The passage of the bill, even on first reading, would be a grievous disaster and would give a great shock to business and to values. Yet the estimates made public of the majorities against it seem to be small and somewhat uncertain. Let us not sleep, but be vigilant. Leave no stone unturned to prevent its passage. Business is now more unable than ever before to withstand any great strain. Morrison still professes confidence in its passage. We wish the protection majority could be made so large as to discourage the free trade clique from any future attempts at legislation for the benefit of England.

CONGRESS is doing a little better as it nears the close of the term.

Doubtful Spring Trade.

Stocks fell and grain rose last week. Neither gives encouragement to a situation whose future rests on increasing exports, improving railroad earnings and an enlarging movement of products and manufactures East and West. The distribution of merchandise in the East continues large, although there are signs that it has reached its highest point; but the sharpness with which wheat rose last week from the lowest Chicago quotation on record upon signs of export indicates pretty clearly that the current supply is no larger than will meet home demands until the new crops come in. These are likely to be large. Both from California and from the Winter wheat area highly favorable reports come—the latter a sharp contrast to a year ago.

Whether this means cheap food and exports, as five, six and seven years ago, or cheap food alone, as for the past year, depends upon foreign crops still in the dark. Meanwhile exports of breadstuffs and provisions for the past nine months were $148,000,000 against an average of over $220,000,000 for the same months in the five years before, and East-bound shipments from Chicago on the trunk lines for the first three months of 1886 are 574,417 tons, not two-thirds the average movement for the first quarter of the five years ending with 1885. These figures tell their own sharp story as to the probable character of trade and exports for the next quarter. Imports, there is every reason to believe, were larger in March than exports. Taken as a whole, the first six months of 1886 are not likely to give the North Atlantic coast much of the traffic on which the largest profits of its ports and trunk lines rest.

Clearings, however, which continue large outside of New York, distinctly show that what might be called the internal distribution and consumption of food and manufactures has been large and remains so. This keeps down stocks, gives factories work and maintains prices. Labor troubles fill a large place in the public eye. Their influence in preventing the investment of capital is serious; but their effect on the current output is small.

THE Democrats of Louisville, Ky., are highly indignant because of their representative in Congress securing the reappointment of Mrs. Virginia Thompson as postmistress for that city. They held a mass meeting on Saturday, and after listening to fiery speeches, in which the right of the victors to the spoils was upheld, adopted resolutions denunciary of their Congressman and mildly censuring Cleveland for taking his advice. With hundreds of mossbacks willing and anxious to take the place and its emoluments, it does seem hard that the office should have been given over to a hated Republican, and a female Republican at that. With no post offices to look forward to and hope for, Democracy will lose its power of cohesion and fall to pieces.

ONE cannot help being concerned how the finances of the country will come out if the Morrison tariff bill goes through. Secretary Manning in his annual report set forth that the estimated expenses of the government would exceed the estimated revenues, $24,000,000. Disregarding this official estimate the majority report on the Morrison bill says there will be an annual surplus of $30,000,000. Morrison has never had a standing for ability or accuracy, and this statement will pass for very little, though it is a sample of others and of the arguments generally on which his bill is based. It is encouraging to think that the probabilities are unfavorable to the passage of his last bill.

LOUISE MICHEL, a French anarchist, is coming to this country, to tell our people her opinions on the social questions. She is said to declare terrible things in a quiet way, and a summary of her exhortation is, "Tear down the whole social edifice and begin over again." We are sorry Louise is coming. We do not stand in any great and pressing need for advice from French anarchists. In regard to social problems, the DAILY NEWS understands the situation and can give all necessary advice. Louise should remain at home and attend to France.

THEY have already began to nominate Uncle Randall for president in some quarters. This is injudicious. The too-early boom catches innocuous desuetude.

Another Way of Putting It.

The expressions that a good many of the "wheel-horse" element of the Democracy are indulging in, to the effect that the President is ruining their party, are not going wholly uncontradicted. Once in a while we come across a Democratic organ that pins its faith to the White House and talks back. A very good instance of that sort is presented by the Boston *Post*, which cuts loose to the following effect:

It may be possible that the Republicans will capture the next House of Representatives. Whom will the common sense of the country hold responsible for such a result, the brave, strong, firm and honest Chief Magistrate, or the wavering, shifty, cowardly, do-nothing Congress? * * * If the Congressional elections go wrong the result must be accepted as condemnation of the frivolousness and inanition of the present Congress.

This way of putting it is not likely to please the straight-out Democrats; but is there not as much good sense in it as in the outcries of the party workers who are kicking themselves all over the political stamping ground because they have not got the full share of the spoils which they consider due to them?

THERE is a good deal of uneasiness in regard to the fate of Mr. Gladstone's measure for Home Rule in Ireland. The opposition to it is growing furious, and there is danger that it may be defeated in the present Parliament. But this will not be final. Many a more delicate creature has recovered from what was regarded as a fatal stab. Home Rule, as a political principle in England, is young but sturdy, and it is bound to grow and become a part of the organization of the Empire—in fact of the sacred British Constitution itself. The sooner it becomes such, the better for England as well as for Ireland. If it should fail at this session, it will be revived and carried to victory in the next Parliament.

ANN JANE MERCER, who died in Philadelphia recently, left a handsome sum for the establishment of a home for disabled Presbyterian ministers. A charter is to be obtained from the legislature or proper court providing that the home shall be for such clergymen as may be selected by the proper authorities of the Presbyterian church. Selection is limited to those disabled by age or infirmity and "do not use tobacco in any form." The inmates shall in no case number more than twelve. In order that the home may not suffer for want of funds the testatrix leaves $100,000 to be invested in first mortgage bonds, the interest to be applied to the maintenance of the home.

THERE is a Democratic member from Indiana, Mr. Kleimer, in the House at Washington, D. C., who thinks the bad condition of his party in Congress could be remedied by a caucus. Said he: "We don't know each other and don't know ourselves. There is no Democratic programme. One wants free silver coinage, another wants no coinage at all. One wants all the offices, another says he doesn't. We ought to caucus at once, and the Administration ought to be represented in the caucus. The White House and Congress should work together. The party is disorganized and demoralized. We need a caucus." Well, let 'em caucus!

ONE of the daughters of Old Morosini has been bitten by a mad dog. She is a sister of the Miss Morosini who caused a seven weeks wonder some time ago by wedding her father's coachman, a slow, apparently empty-headed young man named Ernest Shelling. We recommend a trip to Paris for the Miss Morosini who had the encounter with the rabid canine. Affections of the head and heart are almost incurable, but Pasteur professes to have discovered the preventive or remedy for hydrophobia.

APRIL seems to be determined to maintain a good average of weather. Having started out with a last edition of winter, it has been giving us for more than a week a special advance edition of summer. What it will vouchsafe next, the weather prophets may be bold enough to predict, but sensible men will wait for the returns.

A NEW tin roof is to be put on the White House. The cellar is also to be hauled out and hung on a clothes-line to dry to be in shape for receiving the Fall supply of Jeffersonian simplicity.

FIFTEEN salvation army converts were immersed in the river at Williamsport on Sunday afternoon.

GENERAL NOTES.

London, it is said, has only 13 daily newspapers.

An infant with four ears is attracting attention at Lathrop, Cal.

They still want $10,000 to finish the pedestal for the Bartholdi statue.

Two millians dollars a years is spent by Chicagoans for collars and cuffs.

A sturgeon seven feet long was caught last week by a boy at Tacoma, W. T.

Florida mocking birds are fast being exterminated by the Northern tourists.

At a recent "duelists" dinner" at Pesth each guest had fought at least six duels.

James Charmers, of Dandee, Scotland, was the first person who gummed postage stamps.

A cargo of live ostriches from South Africa for California has reached New Orleans.

The hands on the dial of the House of Parliament clock, London, weigh 100 pounds each.

Bridesmaids' slippers are to be embroidered with the flower used for their bouquets.

It is said that 100,000,000 oranges will be gathered from the groves of California this season.

The coal available for the future market in the Pittsburg field is placed at 5,000,000,000 tons.

One-sixth of the whole number of prisoners in the Maine penitentiary are serving life terms.

The Girton girls have dissolved their Browning society and devoured the funds in chocolates.

A biographical museum of famous Frenchmen is a new idea that is being put to test in Paris.

A Northwestern writer asserts that there are no venomous snakes in the State of Minnesota.

Koffee Klatsches and Yum-Yum Teas are the fashionable entertainments for charities in Brooklyn.

It doesn't pay to be too fresh in Florida. For eating peanuts in Tampa court the judge fined a man $5.

A porter in a Paris wholesale drug house stole enough drugs to set up an apothecary shop of his own.

"Aity-ate" dollars was the sum called for on a check lately presented to the Catskill (N. Y.) National Bank.

On Saturday last William Clever, of Belknap, shot a bird measuring over six feet from tip to tip, of unknown species.

A valuable vein of semi-bituminous coal of unknown thickness, has been struck near Snydertown, in the Shamokin coal district.

A boy not 17 years of age in Pope Co., Minn., has invented a "combined hay rake and cocker" for which he has refused an offer of $15,000.

Scarcely less rare than a black tulip, a red-haired negro, or a four-leaved shamrock, is a milk white raven, with pale pink eyes and red legs.

There are now 200,000,000 German carp in the United States, descendants of 35 fish brought to the United States less than a dozen years ago.

The sale of the Sanford collection of postage stamps in New York last week netted great prices, some of the rare stamps being worth $300.

Three boys received the remarkable sentence of 10 years to the State's prison of New Jersey, for breaking into a deserted cottage at Atlantic City.

A single block in the vicinity of Castle Garden, and which is about 125 by 800 feet, contains no less than 35 saloons, or places where liquors can be obtained.

A carload of fish, including lobsters, alewives, eels and rock cod, is to be taken to California next July for the purpose of stocking the waters of the Pacific coast.

Last week Edward Dunmore, who is said to be 102 years old, and Mrs. Eliza Wilson, 80 years old, were married at the residence of the latter in Avondale, this State.

Dog funerals are common in New York and are quite "the thing." The animal has his lot in the cemetery, is followed by his family and friends, and his grave decorated daily with flowers.

A kennel on a large scale is to be started in Nashville, Tenn., by business men of that city. It is intended to breed all sorts of pure blooded fancy animals. A specialty will be made of mastiffs.

Ada Foster, a young miss of East Brady, this State, has neither been absent from school nor tardy once in seven years. Mable Buchanan, of Freeport, has not missed a day for four years.

While make excavations in a ruin on the Appean Way, near Rome, three two-prong silver forks were found, which would indicate that all the old Romans, at least, did not eat with their fingers.

A can of corn exploded in H. A. Weaver's store, at Freeport, Armstrong Co., this State, Monday last, and ruined the clothes of the men who are usually found in groceries, whittling sticks and eating cheese and crackers.

The first American establishment for the exclusive manufacture of edged tools was founded by Samuel Collins, at Collinsville, Conn., about 1826, when the product for a day's labor was the forging and tempering of eight broadaxes.

One of the curiosities of the Industrial Exposition to be held in Edinburg from May to October next will be the reproduction in full size of a series of old Edinburg houses that are characteristic of the times of John Knox and Mary Queen of Scots.

In looking over old records of shipping recently, the oldest merchant vessel afloat was found to be the bark "True Love," of London, 296 tons register. This vessel was built in 1764, making her now 122 years old. She is owned by John S. Ward, of London, a large owner of vessel property. The "True Love" is yet in active service.

Poetry.

BEAUTIFUL GRANDMA.

Grandma sits in her quaint arm chair,
Never was a lady more sweet and fair;
Her gray locks ripple like silver shells,
And her brow its own calm story tells,
Of a gentle life, and a peaceful even,
A trust in God and a hope in heaven.

Little girl May sits rocking away
In her own low seat, like some winsome fay;
Two doll babies her kisses share,
And another one lies by the side of her chair;
May is as fresh as the morning dew—
Cheeks of roses and ribbons of blue.

"Say, Grandma," says the pretty elf,
"Tell me a story about yourself;
When you were little, what did you play?
Was you good or naughty the whole day?
Was it hundreds and hundreds of years ago?
And what makes your soft hair as white as snow?"

"Did you have a mamma to hug and kiss?
And a dolly like this, and this?
Did you have a pussy like my little Kate?
Did you go to bed when the clock struck eight?
Did you have long curls, and some beads like mine?
A new silk apron with ribbons fine?"

Grandma smiled at the little maid,
And, laying aside her knitting, said:
"Go to my desk and a red box you'll see;
Carefully lift and bring it to me."
So May put her dolls away and ran,
Saying, "I'll be careful as ever I can."

Then grandma opened the box, and lo
A beautiful child, with a throat like snow,
Lips just tinted like pink shells rare,
Eyes of hazel, and golden hair;
Hands all dimpled and teeth like pearls,
Fairest and sweetest of little girls.

"O, what is it?" cried winsome May,
"How I wish she was here to-day?
Wouldn't I love her like everything?
Give her my doll and my new gold ring?
Say, dear grandma, who can she be?"
"Darling," said grandma, "that child was me."

May looked long at the dimpled grace
And then at the saint like fair old face;
"How funny," she cried, with a smile and kiss,
"To have such a dear little grandma as this.
"Still," she added, with smiling zest,
"I think, dear grandma, I like you best."

So May climbed on the silken knee,
And grandma told her her history,
What plays she played and what toys she had,
How at times she was naughty, or good or sad;
"But the best thing you did," said May, "don't you see?
Was to grow to a beautiful grandma for me."

JUSTIFIABLE HOMICIDE.

The literary fellow who can write as well as Howells in a lipse—woolsey dialect as limp as cotton towels, and who mouths his loud productions, omitting all the vowels:
Kill him off, kill him off.

The Amazonian woman with preponderance of muscle, quick to raise the war-like tocsin for a sanguinary tussle, who can the timid little men intimidate and muzzle:
Kill her off, kill her off.

The sentimental languisher, so saccharine and gracious, to whom a healthy, man-like tone is rude and contumacious, who lives in sapless platitudes and old saws saponaceous:
Kill him off, kill him off.

The loud, spread eagle demagogue who hows in tones of thunder, who declares our Constitution is a monstrous kind of blunder, who lives in private affluence and feeds on public plunder:
Kill him off, kill him off.

The irascible erratic who is cursed with indigestion, and who hurls his loud ana hemas of most profane suggestion, and is always on the windward side of every current question:
Kill him off, kill him off.

All adventurers and embryos of manifold description, who live in idleness and thus increase the world's affliction, oh, gently hustle them away without superfluous friction:
Kill them off, kill them off, kill them off.

Our Story Teller.

ESME.

[Continued.]

CHAPTER III.

"UND WAS DU EWIG LIEBST, IST EWIG DEIN."

Hayes in August, under cloudless summer skies, roses and jasmine looking in at every window, was a very different place from Hayes on a cold wet day in May, with a wild west wind howling out of doors, dashing cold showers of rain against the windows, and making the warm, firelit drawing-room a very desirable place in which to listen to the warring elements without.

Up and down the long room, in the fashion that was familiar to them, walked Sydney Loraine and her father, talking occasionally, and then remaining silent, both thinking their own thoughts, in the way that long-tried affection only dare venture upon.

They had been in London for some weeks; it was only this afternoon they had returned, and Sydney was congratulating herself on being once more at home.

"It is so pleasant being alone, is it not, dear father? Do you know, I sometimes wonder if the rest of the world finds us as dull as we find it. What a comfort it is we never fail to interest and amuse each other!"

"I quite forgot to tell you, Sydney, that I asked Roy Carteret to come down here!"

"Why did you do that?"—Sydney half paused in her walk, but went on again directly—"I do not believe you forgot, I think you were afraid to tell me."

"Do you not like him? Did you not wish him to come? I thought he interested you, and he has promised to take some sketches for me. But if I had thought——"

"Dear father, do not mind me. Of course I am glad you asked him. My remarks were general, not particular. Men are not, as a rule, very interesting."

"But he is interesting," went on Mr. Loraine, with unusual persistence. "He is clever, amusing, and draws well; besides, he has helped me a great deal in a way that has given him not a little trouble."

"He is quite aware of his advantages," Sydney replied, with a shade of bitterness in the tones that used not to be there. "Sometimes, father, I think people know the value of everything belonging to them, including unselfishness and all their other virtues. Now do not scold me for being uncharitable and hard. I say that to you, but to him I will be charming; interested and appreciative of everything, including sketches and unselfishness."

Mr. Loraine's only reply in words was, "I am glad you judge me more kindly than you do the words;" but for a few minutes his thoughts did not wander away to the subject of the new book, which was engrossing him at present; they remained with the tall, slender daughter, by whose side he was walking. Sometimes now, as he found himself growing older and his hair grayer, the thought would flash across him that if he could have seen her a proud and happy wife, with children clinging about her, the future would not have seemed so gray and dull, to which one day he would have to leave her.

"But though I used to wish she might not leave me I have never influenced her, and I would always have done anything for her happiness. It is she herself who has ever been unwilling to quit her home. She is capable of love, I know it, but somehow it seems that no man has ever been able to touch her heart." But his thoughts being thus turned to the subject he sighed, when at the library door he paused and entered it.

"What a sigh, father! That is forbidden," kissing him. "Are you going to write to-night? You ought to be too tired for that, but you grow two years younger every year, and I," half smiling, "two years older."

"We shall soon be the same age at that rate. Come in and light my candles."

"When does Mr. Carteret arrive?" she questioned, the taper in her hand.

"To-morrow about five. I promised we would send to meet him."

She made no comment on his words, but, having lit the candles, returned to the drawing-room.

Back there, she stirred the fire into a brighter blaze, then recommenced her walk to and fro, noting as she walked, now and again with satisfaction, some familiar object that after the month's absence it was a pleasure to see again; but at length pausing in her slow walk, she sat down in the wide armchair on the hearth-rug, and pursued her train of thought with eyes fixed on the fire, as if she read a story there.

As she sits thus, her hands lightly clasped on her knee, the lamplight above her shows the changes that time has brought to her. It is a different woman from the one in the white dress who faltered out her heart-broken farewells in this very room. The face is thinner than of old, and the lamplight shows gray hairs in the dark head; the gray eyes are a little harder, a little colder, and the grave mouth smiles less often than it did. The world with its disappointments and troubles has a way, hardening to those who have to fight many of its battles, and nearly five years have gone by since Esme von Lindenheim said in this very room, "If I regain my freedom I will return, if not I will write;" and he had not returned, had not even written. One little note had come from him to Mr. Loraine posted from Berlin, thanking him for his kindness, telling him of his arrival so far.

"I am arranging for leave to go home at once." A message of remembrance to his daughter, and that was all. From then till now silence so great, that not one word had reached her listening ears.

Pride, passion, bitter jealousy all warring in her desolate heart, all telling her that the silence meant he had failed, and that he could not, or would not, write and say so.

"But I would rather know it, far rather, though I said I should understand." And, mingled with the thoughts of her despair, would come remembrances of her own words, "You will return to her, and then this will seem an interlude. Your love for her will all come back. What is a fortnight in a man's life? For you it will be all as it was before."

"What is it?" she would cry, leaning out into the cold wintry night from the window where in the moonlight he had told her of his love. "What is it? Tell me where you are, what you are doing!" And in the pain and grief of those winter nights the gray hairs were sown, the soft mouth forgot its smiles. Months had passed, months of which each day had seemed written in fire across her life, days of which the mere memory now would bring back the pain. Sometimes the sight of the familiar room, or of some slight object therein, would catch her eye, and, reminding her of that vanished time, make the whole scene so real that it was impossible to believe that blank months and years stretched between then now. To-night, returning after this short absence, the place was alive with memories, and, looking into the fireglow, her story seemed written there.

"I am glad to be back," she said, softly; then, rising, walked over to the unshuttered window, and, opening it, looked out into the wild night. It was not cold. The strong west wind was driving dark clouds across the sky; now and again a momentary gleam of moonshine showing through the blackness, the trees beneath bending hither and thither in the gale.

"Am I ever glad?"—altering the form of her sentence. "After all, what difference does it make? Here or there, it is always the same thing—only at first one always imagines every change must be for the better. If I only knew"—wringing her hands together; "I think anything would have been better than this terrible blank. Five years! Yes, it will soon be five years. And not to know whether he was faithful to his promise to her whilst I had his heart, or whether he gave it all back to her—his love, everything. Why not, why not?"

Then, a moment later, the passion dying out of her voice. "It is a long time ago, I must forget. Ah, no, no! that would be paying too dear. I would rather know that you were happy—even," smiling more softly, "with her. She looked good and kind; perhaps, when he saw her, he had not the courage to tell her, and so sacrificed himself—and me. Perhaps, better so. It would be something saved out of the wreck."

She did not close the window, but resumed her pacing up and down; it seemed to bring back the calmness she needed.

"I am old enough to be less excitable. It almost seems like those past foolish, happy days."

Her thoughts then drifted to the visitor of whom her father had spoken, and she paused once again by the open window.

"Why is he coming?" she said, lifting her eyes to the dark sky. "I do not wish to see him," almost defiantly. "Though, after all, what difference does it make who comes or who stays away?"

But no shadow of the previous night was about her as, in the small morning-room, which looked on to the garden, she sat making tea the following evening for Mr. Carteret, the man of whose advent her father had spoken. He was a tall, dark-haired, dark-eyed man,—no greater contrast could have been found than between him and the fair-haired stranger who had won his way into Mr. Loraine's heart so long ago. And yet this was the only man in whom Sydney could recall her father being much interested since.

"And it is selfish of me not to be very civil to him also," she thought, "for there are not many men who can share his tastes."

Stirred by the thought, she roused herself to talk. The sketches proved a good introductory topic.

"To-morrow, if it is fine," he said, with a glance at the rain pouring down out of doors, "I shall go forth and explore the country; and if not, there are several drawings I should be glad to take from the house itself. The one of the opposite building—I should imagine the older part of the house, taken from the room above this—would make a charming picture."

"I wish I could draw," she interposed, "for I should like to have just that bit. It *is* charming. Ah, but," with momentary enthusiasm, "it should be done in summer, when the acacias are in leaf,—or on a starlit summer night,"—her hands clasping and unclasping,—"it is a dream of loveliness then. I should like to have it."

He looked at her as if surprised at the unwonted stir in the tones, but he saw she was not looking at him, and the softness vanished from her eyes, when, "I will come down and do it for you," he said. "Show me what you would like, and I will do my very best."

"Thank you, you are very kind," she answered. "But, unfortunately, you have to leave out of a picture the thousand scents of a summer night, the thousand gentle sounds which make it into a living reality. But it is kind of you to offer to do it for me, and I should value it. Some day, you know, I suppose, if I live long enough, I shall have to leave here, and a short stout man who hunts five days a week will take possession. And as he cannot hunt here, I don't suppose he will love it quite as much as I do."

"It must always be a bitter thing to make a new home," he said, and felt that it was a purely conventional phrase, which carried not the slightest weight.

"It must, I should think," she answered. "But, come, as it is so wet, we will explore the house now, and find bits suitable for your pencil."

"I do not know why it is," was his thought, as he followed her about the house, "I always feel sorry for her, though surely there is no need. Every one says she is proud and cold, but I do not always think so. Sometimes it seems to me as if she would willingly take more interest, if she could. What stands between her and life? Is it that she is satisfied with the present, or is it that she has a past?"

"Will you come for a walk?" he asked her one afternoon. It was late, nearly four o'clock, but it had rained all day, and she had not been out, and at the suggestion she rose at once.

[To be continued.]

Note and Comment.

An exchange having stated that there is a demand for competent teachers in the West, the Boston *Traveller* remarks that "it is the same in New England."

Mr. A. Cutter of Louisville, Ky., holds the championship of pulling the body up by the little finger of one hand. He did it six times in succession in 1878.

The crime of the last boy sent to the New Hampshire reform school was the setting on fire of a passing load of hay, whereby the farmer sitting on top of it was nearly burned to death.

Charles Day, of Cambridge, N. Y., was invited to call at the residence of the aunt of Nellie Lovejoy, a seventeen-year-old school girl, to whom he had been attentive. He called, the door was locked behind him, and Nellie's friends and a clergyman had no difficulty in persuading him that he ought to marry Nellie. He did, and at once disappeared, and his bride has not seen him since.

Dr. Pighead—Madame, I am sorry to say that I don't think you will live two hours.

Mrs. Magendie—Oh, Doctor, it is very hard.

Dr. Pighead—Very; to leave such a husband as yours.

Mrs. Magendie—And only to think; there's my sister-in-law, who knows that mourning is so becoming to her. I'm sure she's been longing for some of the family to drop off.

Jimmy Tuffboy keeps his eye open and knows what is going on fairly well. Rushing into the kitchen the other day, he shouted:

"I say, ma Hurry up and gimme suthin' t'eat. I'm goin' to join the Knights of Idleness."

"You needn't trouble yourself about that. You are idle enough as it is, and there's nothing in the house for you to eat until supper time."

"All right I shall boycott you—just as soon as you sew up this rip in my trousers."

He was put to bed until the necessary mending was done.

The Art of Walking.

I want you to consider the walk an intellectual pastime. I beg of you not to confound it with the muscle-walking of the tramp who is not satisfied with less than four miles an hour. The walk which Thoreau loved, that ended in a saunter, is the genuine article. You don't think you must reach a certain point or go over a certain amount of ground, or that you must know the names which science has given to the forms of nature. You have an eye for pictures, perhaps; well, look for them. Think of an autumn evening, the growth of a summer, dying; a tender haze hanging over the corn field before you in the shadows; a twilight, mystifying and glorifying like the memory of youth; the trees on the hill top above you a bank of gold with the glory of the sun on their turning leaves. And this only one of a thousand. Do not think that Claude or Turner could get into one of his pictures what you can see between these hills.

Don't go too far, for weariness of body dulls the mind, and that last mile, should it be a hard one, will embitter all your pleasant memories, like dregs in wine. You go often, for it is an art you need to cultivate. You go when you are ready; you go hunting for something, but you need not go burrowing, as you should always add to your stock of knowledge. Remember that the most of us need ideas more than technique, and hunt for the wide views, the lifting things. Try to keep your sympathies aroused, your senses awake, and see how soon you will learn the rudiments of the universal language. The sermon goes on continually, but no one listens. Oh, the glory of it! The pictures, the perfumes, the music, the voices! You are awed and humbled without being saddened. You are exhilarated without being made presumptuous.

Inventive Cranks.

"Do I run across many cranks?" said a well known patent lawyer in answer to a reporter's question. "Well, young man, all cranks are not inventors, and possibly all inventors are not cranks, but a good many them are badly bit. Now, there is a German who lives on the south side, one of the most intelligent men I ever met, with no sign of crankiness about him except in one thing. He wants to patent a process for making gold. For over a year he has been dropping into my office and trying to get me to get his papers for him. "All right," I'll say, "explain to me your process and I'll make out your application."

"Oh, no," he says, "no one shall ever know that but myself. They will never know that in the Patent Office even." And he will go away. I have asked him why he didn't make some gold himself. "Oh, no," he always replies; "the secret is too valuable. I dare not until I get it protected," and that is all he will tell me. One of the great peculiarities of inventors is their suspicious natures. Whether I look like a rascal or not I can't say positively, but about half the people who come to me seem to think that I am. They seem to carry the idea that I sit up here like a spider in a web, just waiting to steal some one's idea and patent it.

"About a week ago a tall, thin faced young man craned his neck in through the door, and looked all around the room to see if I was alone. Then he walked over, looked under the drawing table and behind the safe, and tried the door to the next room. He was evidently satisfied that everything was safe, for he came up to me and almost whispered:

"I've got something that will make $10,000 a month."

"You have?" said I.

"Yes. Do you want to take an interest in it?"

"No," said I; "I never invest in patents, but if you have a good thing you'll have no trouble in getting capital. What have you got?"

"Again he looked furtively around the room and then pulled out an envelope. Along the crease where the flap turns over he had pasted a string, the ends of which stuck out about an eighth of an inch after the envelope was sealed. The purpose was to take hold of one end of the string when you wanted to open a letter, and by pulling it, open the envelope in the same way that it would be opened by a knife. The scheme is as old as the Patent Office, and in one year there were 135 applications for a patent on the same thing.

"My friend," said I, "do you really think there is $10,000 a month in this?"

"Oh, yes," he said, "I have figured it out, and it will cost $50 a month to make and sell $10,000 worth."

"But," said I, "do you know that there are at least 1,600 models of this same plan in the Patent Office now?"

"It's a——lie," said he, getting excited, "and let me tell you, mister, I'm onto your little game. I didn't have much confidence in you when I came in here, and I've got less now I'll telegraph to the Commissioner of Patents before an hour, an' just shut off your getting any patent on this. That's what I'll do," and out he went, and I have seen nothing of him since. A good many of them will bring models here which won't work, because they don't want to show the whole plan. They want a patent, but want to keep their process secret.

Genius and Persistent Discipline.

In the long run, it will be found it is early, thorough, and persistent discipline that tells. Now and then, genius, aided by extraordinary favorable conditions, blazes forth into some kind of temporary success and notoriety. But the possessors of such fame are almost certain to eventually settle back to their merited place of mediocrity. No man can be truly said to be great when fame rests upon an accident or upon a single achievement. It is the slowly but well built tower of work and character, reared piece by piece, during a whole lifetime, that forms the enduring monument of real greatness.—President Carpenter, of Drake university.

—The raze on electrical study is beginning to bear fruit. "Are you the conductor?" asked a lad on an excursion train. "I am," replied the courteous official, "and my name is Wood." "Oh! that can't be," said the boy, "for wood is a non-conductor."

Reading in the Pulpit.

From the Independent.

The word "pulpit" like "ferry-boat" and "outlandish women" occurs only once in the Bible. It was Ezra that was in the pulpit, but we presume it was more a platform that a pulpit, and there were thirteen men besides Ezra, or, rather, twenty-six that stood on it in sight of all the people. Ezra and his twenty-six associates were not concealed behind a box pulpit, or one that had a fence around it. When Nehemiah read the law of Moses, he did not lay the book on a great desk in front of him, but he stood out on the platform and held the roll in his hand and read from it. When he got tired there were a dozen other priests all ready to take the book from his hands. We are told one most important thing about Ezra's reading. He read distinctly, and gave the sense, so that they understood the reading. That was remarkably fine reading. His enunciation was good; but that was not near enough. He read so as to give the sense, and so that the hearers could understand. Good reading of the Scriptures is a rare but a most welcome art, if it be fresh and intelligent. Ezra read so well that the people would not let him stop, but kept him at it six hours. Think of that for a single service—from six in the morning till noon—and all the time spent in hearing important art. It will interest the people to read the Bible who know how to give the sense. Very few ministers give pains enough to reading the Bible in church. The Bible should be read slowly. Then the reader should put his whole heart into it. He should have read the passage over a dozen times before attempting it in public. He should make as serious business of reading the Bible in public as he does of preaching his sermon. It is more important that the Bible should have its effect than the sermon. Then let the preacher, if need be, spend a little less time reading over his own sermon, so as to get it familiar, and spend more time over his Scripture, till he gets to understand it and love it, and then he can read it with that nice emphasis and rich intonation which will interest the people. Even the children were deeply interested in Ezra's reading, and so they will be in any good reading of the Word of God.

An Effective Sermon.

Archbishop Leighton, returning home one morning, was asked by his sister: 'Have you been hearing a sermon?" "I've met a sermon," was the answer. The sermon he had met was a corpse on its way to the grave. The preacher was Death. Greatest of street preachers!—nor laws nor penalties can silence. No tramp of horses, nor rattling of carriages, nor rush and din of crowded streets can drown his voice. In heathen, pagan and Protestant countries, monarchies and free states, in town and country, the solemn pomp of discourse is going on. In some countries a man is imprisoned for even dropping a tract. But what prison will hold this awful preacher? What chains will bind him? He lifts up his voice in the very presence of tyrants, and laughs at their threats. He walks unobstructed through the midst of their guards, and delivers the messages which trouble their security and embitter their pleasures. If we do not meet his sermons, still we can not escape them. He comes to our abodes, and, taking the dearest objects of our love as his text, what sermons does he deliver to us! His oft-repeated sermons still enforce the same doctrine, still press upon us the same exhortation: "Surely, every man walketh in a vain show. Surely they are disquieted in vain. Here there is no continuing city. Why are you laboring for that which I will presently take from you and give to another? Take no thought for the morrow. Prepare to meet thy God."

Sunday in Mexico.

A correspondent of the Pitusburg *Dispatch*, writing from the City of Mexico, says: A Sunday in Mexico is one long feast of champagne, without a headache the next day. When the first streaks of dawn appear in the east people bob out from this street, and that, hostlers hurry horses off to private residences, gay riders whirl by as if eager to catch the shades of night as they are sinking in the west, and by 6:30 it looks as if all Mexico was on horseback. Ladies wear beautiful costumes, dark habits, short skirts, silver and gold buttons and broad sombreros. Men display greater variety of costumes; some wear yellow buckskin suits trimmed with gold and silver, others have a drab skin suit artistically trimmed, still others wear light cloth suits and high boots, buttoned at the side, and reaching the knee. A belt holding a revolver, and a Mexican saddle to which is fastened a sword complete this beautiful riding suit. And then what riders! It is the poetry of motion: they are as but part of the perfect horse they ride. Take the beautiful horses, artistic outfit, grand eyes glancing at you from beneath a pretty sombrero and you have a Mexican scene which is irresistible. Even Americans are a thousand times handsomer when they don this outfit, and it is safe to wager that if the men in the states would adopt the Mexican riding suit there would not be a single man left after a two months' trial.

All Sorts.

A home ruler—The broomstick.

Drawing instruments—Mustard plasters.

A see change—Putting on green goggles.

The most obnoxious form of "light literature" is a gas bill

When the scales fall from a man's eye, he ought to be able to see a long weigh.

If you are not satisfied with your neighbor's call, you can return it.

A farmer who cultivates good manners is sure to raise a good crop of respect.

A good batter is as essential to a robust buckweat cake as to a baseball nine.

Pinching economy—Tickling one's nose with a straw to save the price of snuff.

One of the most extensive chicken farmers in Pennsylvania is named Hatch. His first name is Hennery.

It is getting so now that if you smile or wink at a pretty girl somebody will "boycott" you.

The life of a paper dollar is five years, while a silver dollar lasts twenty times as long. But neither of them lasts a great while when marketing for early vegetables.

"Are you pretty well acquainted with your mother tongue, my boy?" asked the school teacher of the new scholar. "Yes, sir," answered the lad timidly. "Ma jaws me a good deal, sir."

"The weather is over me a little this morning," remarked recently a Frenchman who is zealously studying the idioms of the English language in this country. He had meant to say that he was a little under the weather.

What is a stop watch, Cassandra? It is a policeman at midnight.

Every dime museum has now its glass eater; as though it were any curiosity to look upon a man who is fond of his glass.

The pen is undoubtedly mightier than the sword; but we have seen the time when we would have given a whole gross of them for a hickory club.

He Wanted to be a Baby.

The following story was told at the recent encampment of the Grand Army at Mexico, Mo. A group around one of the numerous camp-fires were relating incidents of bravery and cowardice shown in battle, and this is one of them:

"It was at the battle of Gettysburg," said the speaker, "when the bullets were falling like hail and the shells were shrieking and bursting over our heads in a way to make the bravest heart tremble, that a private dropped out of the ranks and skulked back toward the rear. He was well under way when, unfortunately for him, he was met by Gen. Slocum coming to the front.

"What are you doing here? Get back to your post," the General shouted.

"The poor fellow stopped still and trembled like a leaf, but made no reply.

"Get back to your post, you miserable coward! Aren't you ashamed of yourself to be skulking back here when you should be in the front with your brave comrades!"

"Still the man made no reply but commenced to cry like a year old infant.

"You infamous, sneaking coward," shouted the infuriated General, "get back to your post. I'll ride you down like a dog. Why, you are nothing but a baby."

"I-I-I'll t-t-tell you what, G-G-General," said the blubbering fellow, "I'd g-g-give anything just n-n-now if I was a b-b b-baby; and if I had my choice I-I'd r-r-rather be a girl b-b baby.'"—*St. Louis Republican.*

Antiquity of Wheat and Rye.

President Charles Barnard, in an article in the Century, says that the wheat plant is one of the oldest in cultivation. The Chinese recorded its culture as early as 2700 B. C., and it is one of the prehistoric plants, remains of wheat seeds being found in the ruins of the houses of the lake dwellers. While there are several races of wheat, and while these have been crossed producing hybrids, it has retained its true character, and been entirely independent of other plants since its culture began.

Compared with wheat, rye is a modern plant. It is not figured on any Egyptian monument, and seems to have been first cultivated in the Roman empire about the beginning of the Christian era, though it may have been known somewhat earlier in Russia and Tartary. While these two commercial plants have been been cultivated side by side for centuries, the first plants appearing to be true hybrids between them bore seeds this year in this country. Wheat and rye may have been crossed before, yet there is no record of anything like the results here obtained.

"You play chess, do you not, Mr. La Dedah?" "Oh, no indeed, Miss Ethel; I don't play any chess, don't you know; none of our set does, you know; it isn't considered an intellechooal game at all in sassiety, you know. I don't play anything but lon tennis, you know. We have a tennis club, you know, and and we don't play any of these light games."

Medica, Etc.

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Sleep and Work.

A generation ago much was said of the few hours of sleep which great men allowed themselves. Napoleon and Talleyrand, and Frederick the Great were quoted as famous examples of men of genius and of immense activity, who spent never more than four hours out of the twenty-four in bed, and sometimes went, for weeks at a time, with far less than this average amount of sleep. It was considered a virtue to cut short the time of repose, especially on the morning side. But there has been a healthful change in this matter. A recent writer in the *Evening Post* says:

"Picking up a recently published volume of selected utterances upon all sorts of themes, we opened by chance at "Early Rising," and find the old doctrine thus preached by the Rev. Philip Doddridge: "The difference between rising at five and seven o'clock in the morning, for the space of forty years, supposing a man to go to bed at the same hour at night, is nearly equivalent to ten additional years to a man's life."

"The superstition that the easiest way to lengthen a man's period of sleep, was so universal in Doddridge's day that the average man doubtless accepted his dictum without a question. But in this age of incredulity the average man is most likely to ask how the prescription agreed with Doddridge himself, and to consult a cyclopædia, with this result:

"'Doddridge, Philip, an English Clergyman, born in London, June 26, 1702. . . In 1750 his constitution, always feeble, began to show signs of decline, and he sailed to Lisbon, where he died thirteen days after his arrival, Oct, 16, 1751, aged forty-nine years and four months."

"After reading this, the average man will probably conclude to take the extra two hours of sleep at night, and not try to add the ten additional years to his life."

If we wish to work successfully, we must sleep. The anxiety and restlessness of the American disposition, which is increasing and becoming a national characteristic, is due to nothing so much as to loss of sleep or inability to sleep. In the end, this lack of rest causes inability to work at all, insanity, and death. In a recent number of the *Fortnight Review* there is a sensible article on this subject, from which we make the following extract:

"The restoration of energy, which sleep alone can afford, is necessary for the maintenance of nervous vigor, and whereas the muscular system, if overtaxed, at last refuses to work, the brain under similar circumstances too frequently refuses to rest. The sufferer, instead of trying to remove or lessen the cause of his sleeplessness, comforts with the hope that it will soon disappear, or else has recourse to alcohol, morphia, the bromides, chloral, etc. Valuable and necessary as these remedies often are, there can be no question as to the mischief which attends their frequent use, and there is much reason to fear that their employment in the absence of any medical authority is largely on the increase. Many of the proprietary articles sold by druggists, and in great demand at the present day, owe their efficacy to one or more of these powerful drugs. Not a few deaths have been caused by their use, and in a still larger number of cases they have helped to produce the fatal results. Sleeplessness is almost always accompanied by indigestion in some one or the other of its protean forms and the two conditions react upon and, aggravate each other. If rest cannot be obtained, and if the vital machine cannot be supplied with a due amount of fuel, and, moreover fails to utilize that which is supplied, mental and bodily collapse cannot be far distant. The details of the downward process vary, but the result is much the same in all cases. Sleeplessness and loss of appetite followed by loss of strength and flesh, nervous irritability alternating with depression, palpitation, and other derangements of the heart, especially at night, and many of those symptoms grouped together under the old term 'hypochondriasis.' When this stage has been reached, 'the borderlands of insanity, are within measurable distance, even if they have not already been reached."

—One of the members of the Board of Officer of the Fifth regiment, N. G., who was in Altoona at the meeting, informs us how discreetly the temperance ladies in Altoona acted to prevent licenses being granted. There are some establishments in that city which really should not have license. The ladies looked at the registers of some of the so called hotels and found that they were not patronized to the extent of 150 guests per year. They also had photographers take pictures of the establishments, which, in some instances, were small buildings with only one or two rooms. These were exhibited in court. The sequel shows that the ladies were not very successful, but, nevertheless, they were wise in their day and generation.

Miscellaneous.

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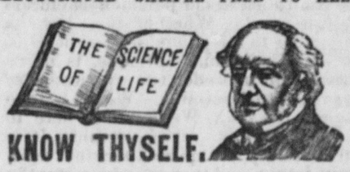

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The Science of Life is worth more to the young and middle-aged men of this generation than all the gold mines of California and the silver mines of Nevada combined.—*S. F. Chronicle.*

The Science of Life points out the rocks and quicksands on which the constitution and hopes of many a young man have been fatally wrecked.—*Manchester Mirror*

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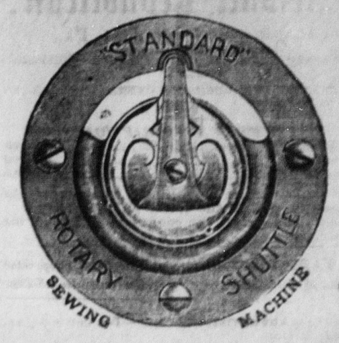
Miscellaneous.



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Hoxie Worn Out and Sick.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., April 16.—The three citizens, Messrs. N. O. Nelson, James Bannerman and Professor Woodward, the committee appointed by the meeting held at the court house last Tuesday evening to call upon Vice President Hoxie and request him to appoint a committee of three of the resident directors of the Missouri Pacific to consult with the citizens' committee and a committee from the Knights of Labor to settle the strike, met at the Mercantile club yesterday afternoon to talk the matter over and devise the best method of approaching Mr. Hoxie. Professor Woodward was appointed to call upon Mr. Hoxie and ascertain the latter's views upon the arbitration scheme.

The professor did as requested and upon reporting to the committee last night, said that he had found Mr. Hoxie at home, ill and completely worn out with the work of the past five weeks. He very courteously received Professor Woodward, however, and chatted pleasantly about the situation. When asked if he would appoint a committee from the railroads to confer with the citizens' and employes' committee, and what his reply would be to citizens' committee, Mr. Hoxie said that he had written his intentions to Dr. T. O'Reilly, who officiated as president of the citizens' meeting at the court house, and his statement in the letter would also apply to the committee.

Dr. O'Reilly has as yet received no such letter, and when asked as to the probability of Mr. Hoxie appointing members of the proposed arbitration committee said: "I do not anticipate that the letter will contain any favorable news, for Mr. Hoxie, in his conversation with Professor Woodward, said that he could see no reason why he should get up out of bed and appoint a committee to settle a strike on the Missouri Pacific when that road was moving every pound of freight that was delivered to them, and carrying all their passengers with safety and speed.

Trouble Brewing in Chicago.

CHICAGO, April 16.—Trouble is imminent on several of the railroads centering in Chicago. It arises from dissatisfaction among the switchmen at the wages paid them, and the further fact that the union men are demanding the discharge of the non union men in the employ of the companies. In addition to the demand made upon the Lake Shore road yesterday, this morning thirty-five switchmen employed by the Baltimore and Ohio railroad sent a committee to the officials requesting that six non-union men be dismissed. The officials replied that an answer would be given at noon.

The switchmen of the Baltimore and Ohio road in this city went out this afternoon, owing to the refusal of the local officials to accede to their demands for the discharge of non-union men. Superintendent Britton, said the company was prepared to make no concessions, but as some objectionable men were already leaving the company's employ, on their own accord, matters would perhaps adjust themselves shortly.

Narrow Escape from Death.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., April 16.—At an early hour this morning John Fox, a puddler, living at Hazelton, was awakened by the heat of flames and found that his dwelling was afire. He hurriedly awakened the balance of the family, and just as the last one passed down stairs into the street the stairway was enveloped in flames. None of the family had time to dress, and the children wandered in the street with only their night clothes on. Five minutes more and the entire family would have perished. Nothing was saved from the house. The cause of the fire is unknown. Loss, $1,000; insured for $500.

National Capital Notes.

WASHINGTON, April 16.—The senate today confirmed the nomination of E. Gerker, to be collector of internal revenue for the first Pennsylvania district.

The anniversary of the emancipation of slaves in the District of Columbia was celebrated by the colored people today. Owing to a disagreement as to how the celebration should be conducted, there were two processions. In view of this lack of harmony the president positively refused to view either procession.

Cholera in Europe.

BRINDISI, April 16.—Sixty-eight cases of cholera have occurred here, ten of which proved fatal. The officials declare that the disease is sporadic.

PARIS, April 16.—The development of cholera at Brindisi causes alarm in France, particularly along the Italian frontier. Precautions of the most stringent nature are being instituted to prevent the scourge from invading France.

Thrown from the Track.

CHICAGO, April 16.—A special from Lancaster, Wis., says: The northbound "Flying Dutchman" passenger train between St. Paul and Chicago on the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railway, was ditched yesterday afternoon four miles north of Turkey Creek station, in Iowa, by a large boulder which had fallen down the Mississippi river valley bluffs upon the track. No particulars have yet been obtained.

Ice Flood at Montreal.

MONTREAL, April 16.—An ice flood on the river has produced disastrous effects along the south shore. If warm weather continues a general break up of the ice will probably take place in a few days, and floods are almost certain in the lower localities. The river is still rising and is nearly up to the revetment wall.

Powderly Called to Washington.

SCRANTON, April 17.—General Master Workman Powderly has been called to Washington to testify before Congressman Curtin's committee of investigation on the Southwestern labor trouble, and will leave for the national capital next Monday morning. After leaving Washington he will go to Philadelphia, and he expects to remain there to attend to the rapidly accumulating work of the order until the close of his term of office. He is so overrun here with committees and correspondence from all parts of the country that he finds it absolutely necessary to be where he can avail himself of more assistance in attending properly to the exacting duties of his position.

In regard to the question as to what action, if any, the general executive board of the Knights of Labor intended to take in the case of Martin Irons, who was indicted yesterday, Mr. Powderly said to-night that the order was not founded for the purpose of defending cases of that nature and, so far as he was concerned, it would not assume the defence of Mr. Irons. General Worthy Foreman Richard Griffiths, of Chicago, arrived here this afternoon and after a brief interview with Mr. Powderly left for Philadelphia.

A Frightful Explosion.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., April 17.—While the work of unloading a freight car on the Milwaukee, Lake Shore and Western road was in progress at Clintonville this morning eight kegs of nitro glycerine exploded with terrible force. One car was blown into fragments and the depot was considerably damaged. Arthur Edwards, a station baggage agent, who was aiding in the unloading, had the top of his head blown off and expired in a short time. James Ringwood, night telegraph operator, was very badly injured and is not expected to recover. George Storm, a brakeman, also sustained such serious injuries that his life is despaired of. Conduc or Geo. Hollister was badly injured about the hips. A fireman named Larson, John Face, a bystander, and a brakeman named Congdon were more or less disabled by flying fragments. The force of the explosion was terrific. Houses in the village were shaken and glass for a considerable distance from the depot was broken by the concussion. The exact cause of the accident could not be ascertained. The explosives were being taken to Shawano to be used for mining purposes.

Bursting of a Steel Mould.

PITTSBURG, April 17.—Shortly before noon to-day, while experiments were being made at the iron works of Singer, Nimick & Co., in compressing steel, the mould, containing over one thousand pounds of molten steel, suddenly burst, scattering the metal in every direction. Some fifty or sixty persons were witnessing the experiment, and nearly half of them were more or less burned. Five are supposed to be dangerously injured. The accident is the result of damp sand in the mould. When the steam pressure was put upon it the compressed molten metal exploded. As soon as the cloud of steam had risen and the people could again be distinguished, it was discovered that at least twenty of them had been burned.

The most seriously injured are as follow: James Mackey, smelter, dangerously burned; Alex. Foster, master mechanic, burned badly about the head, neck and arms; Peter Hess, burned severely about the neck and face; Frank Nimic, member of the firm and manager, burned about the legs, hands and neck; William H. Dinger, member of the firm, slightly scalded; Patrick Muller, arms and face burned, and Michael Osborn, burned about the neck and face. In addition to these there were a dozen others more or less injured. Mr. Frank Nimick, after his injuries were dressed, was taken to his home on Penn avenue. The others were cared for, and as soon as possible removed to their homes. The damage to the mill is very slight. The news of the accident spread quickly and created great excitement, as it was first reported that the boilers had exploded, killing a number of persons.

Effects of the Northwestern Cyclone.

MINNEAPOLIS, April 20.—A careful appraisement of the damage to property by the cyclone at St. Cloud makes the total $86,000. At Sauk Rapids there were one hundred and nine buildings destroyed, with their contents, worth $290 000. Nearly $50,000 has been contributed by Minnesota towns for the relief of the sufferers. There has been three more deaths, making a total of seventy seven. Not more than one or two others are expected to die. The work of rebuilding Sauk Rapids is progressing fast.

Enforcement of the Constitution.

PHILADELPHIA, April 18.—The committee of surviving members of the State constitutional convention of 1872, composed of James P. Barr, John Broomall, Charles R. Buckalew, Lewis C. Cassidy, George N. Carson, Andrew G. Curtin, Mortimer F. Elliott, James W. M. Newton, Henry W. Palmer, Levi Rooke and Daniel N. White, have prepared an address to the people of Pennsylvania, asking that action be taken looking to the selection, at the next general election for the legislature, of members who will promise legislation for the enforcement of the new constitution.

Cholera in Europe.

VIENNA, April 17.—Cases of cholera are reported from Trieste. The outbreak of the disease in Italy is said to be more serious than was at first stated. The authorities there, it is alleged, are hiding the truth regarding the ravages of the disease. Austrian authorities have again established a cordon on the Italian frontier, and every precaution will be taken to prevent the spread of the epidemic.

Ex-President Arthur's Condition.

NEW YORK, April 18.—Inquiry at the house of General Arthur to-night as to his physical condition was met with the statement that he was yet improving and was able to be about the house. At the time of the reporter's call the ex-president's children were out and Mrs. McElroy was busy with company.

Phallas Chief Sold for $50,000.

RACINE, Wis., April 16.—J. I. Case sold Phallas Chief, by his celebrated stallion, Phallas, to C. C. Luyferd, of Minneapolis, Wednesday for $50,000.

Still Improving.

WASHINGTON, April 16.—Secretary Manning is reported very much better to-day.

Dry Goods.

Just in Season!

—OF—

GREAT PARTICULAR INTEREST

TO THE

LADIES!

Corsets--The finest, the best, the cheapest, the healthiest.

No. 1 Big Bargain Corset, 25c.
" 2 " " " 35c.
" 3 " " " 50c.
" 4 " " " 65c.
" 5 " " " 75c.

Thompson's Summer, or Ventilated Corset, 90c.

Thompson's R. H. Short Glove-Fitting--call and get prices.

Thompson's G. Glove-Fitting Extra Superfine Corset, $1.75.

Thompson's G. Glove-Fitting, made of English Sateen, superb fit, elegant rich style and all that embodies comfort and elegance, worth $2.50, for $1.90.

HOSIERY!

Commencing price very low.

Ladies 5 for . . . 25c.
2d quality up, 3 pr. for 25c.
3d " " 10c. a pair.
4th " " 2 pr. for 25c.
5th fine quality, good colors, 15c.
6th better quality, " 20c.
7th " " " 25c.
regular made.
8th quality, Fine Balbriggan, regular made, extra fine quality, 20c. up
9th Black Lisle Thread, good black color, no fade, 50c.

CHILDRENS HOSE!

5c. a pair up to the best
No. 2 Fine French Ribbed, Mace feet, double knees, 30c. up.

Black Lisle Thread--heavy and fine, regular made, from 15c. up.

Lots of other nice things at give away prices.

LYON & CO.,

Bellefonte, Pa. dec'85

Licenses in Huntingdon County.

HUNTINGDON, Pa., April 19.—The most notable victory ever achieved by the temperance advocates in this county was won to-day. In disposing of the applications for license to sell liquor, Judge Furst this afternoon refused nine out of fourteen applications, and, perhaps, no other official act of his has received such generous and hearty approval from the citizens of the county. The result of his decision is that five out of seven applications have been refused in this place and four out of seven in the country districts. The upper end of the county is now without license and but three applications were granted from the lower end. Among the applications refused were those of the Leister house and the Hotel Brunswick, the two principal hotels of town. By order of the court all persons whose saloons are found open after 10 o'clock p. m., will have their license revoked; neither are they to permit any screen or curtain in the windows or doors of their saloons. The following is part of Judge Furst's opinion

OPINION OF THE COURT.

In the disposition of the several applications for license in the county of Huntingdon, after considerable consultation and due consideration, the court have by a majority vote arrived at a conclusion, and it is proper for the court to say that, in the disposition that we have made, we have made it under the discretion that is lodged in the court under the several acts of assembly of this commonwealth, and under the decision of the supreme court. Whatever may be our views as citizens, we are controlled in our judgment as officers of this court. Whether the law is obnoxious to the public sentiment or to our own individual opinions, is not a question for us under the application of our oaths to determine. We sit here to execute the law. We do not sit here to enact or repeal an act of assembly. It is our first duty to inquire after the legislative intent, and then to administer the law according to the spirit of the act.

Whether or not we meet the expectations of the applicants or the expectations of the people we cannot say; we are only influenced by the obligation that rests upon us to discharge our duty under the law of the land. In the borough of Huntingdon there are two principal hotels. About these hotels we have no doubt in our mind that they are necessary for the accommodation of strangers and travelers. A majority of the court are satisfied in respect to them that they have wilfully violated the law; and all applicants stand precisely upon the same level in the court. We apply the same rule to the principal hotel that we would to the humblest one in the county; and that these two hotels fail in obtaining their license is not because we do not consider the houses necessary, but we consider that they have wilfully violated the law in the past year, and have sold to persons within the prohibited class.

We further say that knowledge has come to this court that several drug stores have violated the law. A druggist has no more authority to sell liquor as a beverage than any other unlicensed person; and we call this fact to the attention of the district attorney that he may take such steps as will preserve the law in this respect. If these persons are selling without license it is his sworn duty to see that they are brought to justice as well as any other criminal.

We have granted in the borough of Huntingdon the applications of A. B. Zeigler and Henry C. Wallace. We have granted the application of Henry J. Kent, of Orbisonia; E. F. Gould, of Dudley, and James O'Neill, of Broad Top City. We have also granted the application of Jones & Reiner, doing business as a bottling establishment in this borough. These persons are bottlers and have no authority to sell by the keg or barrel; and if they have sold hitherto under a misapprehension of the law they must correct it from this time forth. All the other applications are refused.

A Reservoir Bursts.

PITTSFIELD, Mass., April 20.—A terrible accident has occurred at East Lee, resulting in a large loss of life and much damage to property. At 6 o'clock this morning the village of East Lee was inundated by the breaking away of a dam at Mud Pond reservoir, Mountain Lake, about two and a-half miles from the village. The pond covered many acres of swamp, and was increased from its limited size by extensive dams built by a club of manufacturers as a storage place for water. East Lee village, whose half dozen paper mills are situated on the stream, received its first news of the accident when the flood came pouring down the streets, the water being from four to six feet deep and bring with it trees, portions of barns, houses, fences, wagons and every form of movable property. People fled from the slopes of the valley along which the torrent was pouring and saw houses move and topple about like chips on a river.

The flood passed East Lee, and went on down the road, destroying gardens, lawns and fences, and moving the smaller buildings. It had not the power, however, to wreck utterly the larger buildings, though the damage done will amount to many thousands of dollars. As soon as possible the people went up the line of the flood toward the pond and found the river worse as they approached the starting point of the torrent. Fortunately the track of the flood was in a sparsely inhabited country, but what destruction there was for it to do in wrecking three or four houses along its way was thoroughly accomplished. Much stock, beside property, is lost. The explorers have already found the bodies of six persons and are searching for others. The scene is one of terrible desolation, and the town of Lee is wild with excitement.

News just received from East Lee says that eleven bodies have been found, and that it is expected several more will be discovered. The bodies recovered and identified thus far are as follows: Mr. White and wife and two young daughters; Mr. King, wife, and Mr. King's son and wife. Three persons who were living in the track of the flood are missing. White's carriage shops are destroyed. The Harrison Garfield paper mill is undermined; Decker's Veran's and Gilmore's paper mills are also badly damaged. John McLaughlin's machine shops are totally wrecked.

Briefs.

GALVESTON, April 20.—A special to the News from Texarkana says: It has been discovered that within the past three weeks the Knights of Labor have organized several colored assemblies in the vicinity of Texarkana, both in Arkansas and Texas. The movement is regarded with apprehension.

WILKE BARRE, April 20.—James H. Coughlin, superintendent of public schools of Luzerne county, is spoken of as Higbee's successor, should the latter consent to step down and out. A rumor gained currency here last evening that the governor had tendered Mr. Coughlin the place.

NEW YORK, April 20.—The Commercial Advertiser of yesterday states that Miss Frances S. Fulsom, with her mother and brother, have taken passage for America and will sail on May 18.

WASHINGTON, April 20.—It is said the senate to-day rejected the nominations of the postmasters at Marshalltown and Webster City, Iowa, on the ground of offensive partisanship.

ST. LOUIS, April 19.—Messrs. Ritter & Horst, butchers, at No. 303 North Twelfth street, were called upon by a committee of the Knights of Labor, who requested them to cease supplying Vice President Hoxie, of the Missouri Pacific railroad company with meat, under the pain of being boycotted. The senior member of the firm informed the committee that he could not accede to their demand; that Mr. Hoxie was a good customer, and he would continue to fill his orders so long as Mr. Hoxie should continue his patronage.

CHICAGO, April 19.—Sixteen or seventeen men, who came here to accept work in the Lake Shore yards, were induced by the strikers to decamp. The seventeenth man repelled all advances from the strikers, and finally, being angered at their persistency, applied an offensive epithet to them. Instantly the man was felled by a blow from behind and injured to such an extent that he will be of no service to the company for several days.

WASHINGTON, April 19.—The condition of Secretary Manning to-day shows a very decided improvement. He passed a comfortable night and is in excellent spirits.

MADRID, April 19.—The Bishop of Madrid, who was shot three times by a priest yesterday morning, was still alive at midnight. The assassin attempted suicide in prison last night, but was prevented by the guards. It has been ascertained that he was recently dismissed from his parish for some infraction of church rules, and had fruitlessly applied to the bishop for reinstatement. Becoming desperate, he sought to revenge himself by killing the prelate.

SPECIAL MENTION.

—Supt. Westfall has consented to sell excursion tickets from Lemont and Oak Hall to Bellefonte, and return, on the evening of the 27th inst., running a special train for those who will attend the concert. This will be pleasant news to the many along the route who expect to be present.

All our New Woolens for the Spring and Summer season—1886—just received. Leave your order now. MONTGOMERY & Co., Tailors.

—Jas. Harris & Co's hardware store sign is now completed and is handsome black and read on a white surface.

—The Street committee of council reported an ordinance to that body, Monday night, providing for the opening of Smith street from the north side of its junction with Lamb street to a point at or near McCalmont & Co's office, near the lime kilns.

Ten to Twenty Years of Success

for a remedy that has in that time never been wanting in all that is claimed for it certainly ought to give confidence to those who have not tried Simmons Liver Regulator. The trial of it is attended with no inconvenience, no danger, no doubt; if it will not cure you it can possibly do you no harm, and in cases bilious headache constipation, liver disease or its attendant evils has it ever been known to fail. Beware of rogus and counterfeit "Simmons" gotten up to sell on the reputation of the genuine.

—There will be six young ladies from Birmingham Seminary to sing at the concert on the 27th inst. The admission to all parts of the first floor will be only 50 cents, and every seat will be taken. Admission to gallery 35 cents.

Worms are the scourge of Childhood. Thousands of children die or grow up weak and sickly, with disordered nerves and stunted minds, the food necessary to their growth having been eaten up by these disgusting parasites. Dr. Walker's California Vinegar Bitters not only expels worms, but frees the stomach from unhealthy secretions in which they breed.

—A lady on Linn street was terribly frightened the other day when a cow and a dog both ran at her at the same time.

Remarked by R. C. Joiner, of Allen P. O., Hillsdale Co., Mich.: "Nothing gave my rheumatism such quick relief as Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil—believe it infallible for rheumatics."

—The roads are now dry enough, but are rough. Travel will soon level them sufficiently to make them quite good.

Pure blood is absolutely necessary in order to enjoy perfect health. Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood and strengthens the system.

"Mamma," said a little Estelline girl at breakfast, "I don't like this milk—I believe it 'as been skinned."

Catarrh is a disease of the mucous membrane, almost invariably originating in the nasal passages and maintaining its stronghold in the head. Ely's Cream Balm will cure catarrh in its worst stages, and gives immediate relief from cold in head. It contains no injurious drugs. Price fifty cents. 18-13-4t

Thirty Years a Detective.

Allan Pinkerton, the famous detective, was born in Glasgow, Scotland, in the year 1819. He died in Chicago, July 1st, 1884. It is difficult in a brief sketch to estimate his life and public services. It was a hard life, a busy life, and a great life, and it rendered services to this country which can hardly be over-estimated, and which it has been the fortune of but few men to equal.

His thousands of successful assaults against organized and determined crime, in many countries, are facts familiar, and they constitute a foundation for a fair and just estimate of his life and the man's real character.

The mental characteristics of Allan Pinkerton were judgment as to facts, knowledge of men, the ability to concentrate his faculties on one subject, and the persistent power of will. A mysterious problem of crime against which his life was devoted, presented to his thought was solved almost in an instant, and seemingly by his intuitions. With half-closed eyes he saw the scene in which the wrong was done, read every movement of the criminals, and reached invariably the correct conclusion as to the conduct of the crime, and the guilt of those who committed it. His mental view was broad; no one circumstance directed or controlled it. He saw all the facts, and on them based his conclusions. He was self-possessed and well-poised. The certainty of his judgment, though characterized by a quick movement of the intellect was the result of vigorous and calm thought.

He has left us in his writings a sufficient chronicle of his detective experiences, that this and future generations may know much of his useful life. His ruling idea in the publication of his books was to show to the public how surely and inevitably detection and punishment follows the commission of crime, and it is wonderful that amid all his toils he found time sufficient to recount so ably his thrilling stories. They read like fiction, though facts they all are.

We call attention to the advertisement in another column of his principal book, "Thirty Years a Detective," for which G. W. Carleton & Co., the great New York Publishers, want agents.

Bellefonte Markets.

BELLEFONTE, April 21, 1886.

Red Wheat, per bushel	$ 88
Mixed Wheat	88
Buckwheat	40
Rye per bushel	60
Corn (shelled)	45
Oats	30
Cloverseed, fair to good	$7 00
do prime to extra prime	7 50
do choice	8 50
Flour, retail, per barrel	5 00
Flour, wholesale	4 25
Hay, choice timothy, per ton	$18 00
Nova Scotia plaster	8 50

Provision Market.

Corrected by Valentines Store Co., "Limited."

Apples, dried, per pound	5
Cherries dried, per pound, seeded	12
Dried currants, per lb	10
New raisins, per lb	12½
Beans per quart	6
Fresh butter per pound	20
Chickens per piece	25
Cheese per pound	15
Country hams per pound	13
Hams, sugar cured	12
Shoulders	10
Breast fat Bacon	12
Country Bacon	8
Lard per pound	8
Eggs per doz	12
Potatoes, per bushel	50
Dried beef	20
Canned Beef per pound	25
Country side, per lb	8
Canned tomatoes per can	10—12½—15
Canned corn	10—12½—40
Lemons per doz	25
Dried sweet corn per pound	10
Apple butter, per gal	50
Turnips, per bushel	25
Cranberries, per quart	10
Buckwheat flour, per ½ sack	80
Roller flour, per sack	1 25

Miscellaneous.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., N. Y. 18 17 1y

SNYDER SISTERS' Will return from the city SATURDAY, APRIL 24, with the largest assortment of Millinery ever brought to this town from New York and Philadelphia. Opening of FINE PATTERN GOODS APRIL 30th. Citizens of Bellefonte and Centre county are invited to call and examine goods. No. 9 Bishop street, opposite Jacobs' bakery. a20 d1w-w4t

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Estate of John Shannon, deceased. Letters of administration, d. b. n., on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims to present them without delay.

C. P. HEWES,
17 16 6t Administrator.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The partnership heretofore existing between J. G. Heberling and R. P. Craig, knows by the firm name of Heberling & Co., has been this day dissolved by mutual consent. The books will be left in the hands of J. G. Heberling for settlement, who will continue in the business.

HEBERLING & Co.,
Pinegrove, March 31, 1886. 18 14 3t

ELY'S Cream Balm IS WORTH $1000 TO ANY MAN Woman or Child suffering from CATARRH. —A. E. NEWMAN, Graling, Mich

CATARRH

HAY-FEVER

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable to use. Price 50 cents by mail or by Druggists. Send for circular. ELY BROTHERS, Druggists, Owego, N. Y. July8—1y

Clean Away the Rubbish.

Winter with its ice clad armor has left us, and, with the season of bud and blossom comes the click of the tack hammer, and happy the man who finds music in it during the house cleaning season. May he cultivate his talent until every carpet is all solid, and not stand around pouting and sighing because he is not a bachelor. Why, many of those lonely specimens of humanity would only be too glad to have some one to instruct, them in household duties. It would be an oasis in the dull routine of their lives. Even the dear old tobacco pipe (their solace in time of trial) would be well nigh forgotten in their enthusiasm over brushes, stove pipes, &c., &c. Matter assumes a variety of forms, yet, t is indestructible. Dust will accumulate; and every boy, every man should only be too happy to receive invitations to engage in so great, so necessary a work, the general warfare of the hour. Your first experience may not always be so desirable, but when fairly initiated there is a kind of fanaticism belonging to it which is seldom, if ever forgotten.

Then battle for the right; battle with the dust, dispel the germs of disease from attic to cellar and you will be richly rewarded, not merely with clean homes but sweet refreshing sleep and distressing pangs of hunger. E. W. C.

Unionville, April 17, 1886.

A Bank Suspends.

WILLIAMSPORT, April 20.—The City National bank, of Williamsport, closed its doors this morning. A statement was displayed on the door which said that an examination of the affairs of the bank will be made and a statement of its condition published in a few days. The stockholders say the depositors will be paid in full and the officers of the bank in this city say the same thing.

A few of the stockholders, two of whom were formerly directors, state that the bank was robbed between four and five years ago by one of its employes, the amount taken being thirty-eight thousand dollars. This robbery they say was concealed by the officers, only a few of the directors being informed of it. Something over a year ago the president called a private meeting of the other directors when, for the first time, they were told of it. The explanation he gave of having kept the matter secret was that he acted by the advice of counsel, the object being to recover the money. Eighteen thousand dollars were recovered and obligations obtained for the rest, but these were not being realized.

The directors who had been kept in the dark now demand that a full statement of the affairs of the bank should be given them. This was delayed from time to time and they sent word to Bank Examiner Young. He examined the bank three weeks ago, and said to-day that he then believed that matters would be properly put in shape. He further states that the loss of the bank by the defalcation is only twenty thousand dollars, but that they have had other losses by business failures where they were carrying paper of heavy amount. Examiner Young says more than one person is involved in the defalcation.

The Williamsport officers of the bank announce that the man who committed the defalcation was E. P. Dietrick, who was bookkeeper and assistant cashier at the time It was reported here to-day that another defalcation had been discovered, but the bank examiner states that Dietrick's was the only one Dietrick has for some years been in business at Camden, N. J., associated with his brother in a shoe factory. It is reported to-night that an officer has been sent to take him into custody. It is now thought that the stockholders of the bank will have to pay an assessment to make good the deficiency. The examiner and bank officers will keep at work daily until they get the statement ready to make public.

Storms.

SHENANDOAH, April 20.—During a thunder storm which passed through this valley this afternoon, a boy named James Manley was struck by lightning and instantly killed while at work on the dirt bank at one of the neighboring collieries. A mule which he was driving was also killed. The colliery stable was also struck by lightning and burned.

HAZLETON, Pa., April 20.—Lightning to-day struck a frame school house at Freeland, entering by the chimney, demolishing the stove and fatally injuring Florence Hodgson, aged 8 years. Three other girls about the same age were seriously injured, but it is thought they will recover.

READING, April 20.—A severe hail storm passed along Blue mountain this afternoon. Near Port Clinton the embankment was washed on the tracks and a coal train crashed into tons of earth, wrecking the locomotive and nearly forty loaded cars. The loss is estimated at $25,000.

Pennsylvania will be interested to know that kerosene has been found on the coast of the Red Sea, near Suez.

A Pair of Innocents.

Philadelphia Press.

What sort of a groom is he who can sit holding the hand of a woman two hours and a half on a hot summer day without uttering a word, and what sort of a bride is she who can sit and have her hand held in a dust-laden railway car two hours and a half without saying a word? When the spasm of hugdom is passed, when the cold type of to-morrow morning's issue is reached, what has he to offer her? What has she to extend to him? Are they going through life speechless? Is there no topic on which their young tongues might find common interest? Have they no plans for the future to ponder and talk about? Have they no expectations, no hopes, no fears? Is the future assured? Does the vast horizon beyond point to them simply a certainty of bliss?

He was a curly-headed, blue-eyed, downy mustached, narrow chested, knobby-kneed youth, with toothpick shoes, a gold ring and a flashy scarf. She was a prim young maiden, in a sateen dress, every part of which indicated the neatness, the preciseness of her nature. There was a little frill in neck and little frills at each wrist, a long gold chain around her neck, at the end hung a tiny watch, encased in a net. She wore mits and she sat like a statute of patience waiting for the end of their journey. That was their bridal trip. A happy pair, no brains, no hearts, no fears, no aspirations, nothing but a calm palm to palm present. I thought of that young couple considerable and wondered what their end would be.

A Mr. Pump has a picture of a milk man making his morning call at a St. Louis art exhibition. As might be imagined, it's a water color.

Miscellaneous.

HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA

Works through the blood, regulating, toning and invigorating all the functions of the body.

Ringworm Humor and Salt-Rheum.

RAYNHAM, MASS., Aug. 12, 1878.

C. I. HOOD & Co.: Gentlemen— * * * * I have had ringworm humor and salt-rheum so badly that my body was covered with raw sores; so, also, my head and face. I have had any number of doctors in the last seven years, and none of them could cure me. One day my mother was in the city of Taunton, and found one of your cook books, and in reading it I found many people testifying to cures from the use of your Sarsaparilla and Olive Ointment. I felt forced to try it, although I had seen many things advertised that never did me any good. I have now taken two small bottles and one large one of Sarsaparilla, and used three boxes of Ointment. I now call myself cured. Nothing can be seen of the humor but the dim outlines of the sores. I shall take two more bottles, and then the cure will be complete.

I am gratefully yours,
EDGAR F. WHITMAN.

Biliousness, Sick Headache.

PITTSFIELD, MASS.

MESSRS. C. I. HOOD & CO.: Gents—Please send me by express two bottles HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA and a few Cook Books for distribution. Your preparation has worked wonders in the case of my wife, who has been troubled with sick headache and biliousness for years. She only took one-half teaspoonful at a dose, and has not been so well for five years as now. She found that within a week after taking it she felt very much better, and is now entirely free from those severe headaches. She has not taken any of any account since last spring, and what little she had is lent to do some others some good, and we must have it in the house.

Yours truly,
HOMER B. NASH.

HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA

Is sold by all druggists. Price $1, or six large bottles for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

☞ Use HOOD'S TOOTH-POWDER.

List of Applicants for Licenses in Centre County With Their Petitioners and Bondsman

[Published by order of L. and O. League.]

BELLEFONTE BOROUGH.

EDWARD A. BROWN, Hotel.

PETITIONERS.—A Brockerhoff, H Brockerhoff R W Gilmore, Simeon Hupt, Siegmund Joseph, Adolph Loeb, W R Ludwig, Geo L Marshall, J W Pacinie, Michael Runkle, I L Runkle, Frank B Stover, Ron smen.

BONDSMEN.—Frank B Stover, Siegmund Joseph, H Brockerhoff

EMANUEL BROWN, Hotel.

PETITIONERS.—Nicholas Baur, V J Baur, Joseph Crader, M Fauble, Jas A Fiedler, Siegmund Joseph, Emil Joseph, W A Lyon, Jacob S Lyon, John Meese, Geo L Marshall, Adolph Loeb.

BONDSMEN.—John Meese, Emil Joseph.

DANIEL GARMAN, Hotel.

PETITIONERS.—P L Beezer, V J Baur, F I Dunkle, I Guggenheimer, Wm Harper, Michael Hays E Kitzmiller, Peter M Smith, F D W Iliams, Emil Joseph, Jos W Gross, Wm S Phillips, J C Mallory, E S Sweverly, John Meese, J M Keichline, James O'Bryan.

BONDSMEN.—J M Keichline, Wm Harper.

WILLIAM B TELLER, Hotel.

PETITIONERS.—J W Barnes, Frank P Blair, R L Brouse, Robert Cole, Jesse Klinger M Reddinger, D G nush, Wm Harper, Jas Schofield, Wm Shortlidge, Chas R Pierce, John Woodring, S H Williams, P Gray Meek.

BONDSMEN.—P Gray Meek D G Bush.

C G MCMILLEN, Hotel.

PETITIONERS.—H Brockerhoff, J M Brockerhoff A Brockerhoff, John D Sourbeck, John Meese, H C Yeager, Jos Ceader, Isaac Lose, Jr, H D. Lyon, Emil Joseph, Jacob S Lyon, Samuel F Foster, Geo W Downing, W A Lyon, Geo L Marshall, M Fauble Charles Smith, Adolph Loeb, J D Geisinger, Amos Mullen, John Finkbinder, Henry Swartz, H M Bidwell.

BONDSMEN.—J M Brockerhoff, H Brockerhoff.

JOHN ANDERSON, Saloon.

PETITIONERS.—Jesse Klinger Lawrence Fussey, A V Smith, Wm Harper, Wm Shortlidge, P Gray Meek, Wm T Valliance, R S Brouse, Jas Schofield, Wm Dawson, J W Barnes, Samuel Ryan, Wm Eckley, D G Bush, A H Cox, Asher Adams, Wm T Hibbish, Wm C Fees, N Redding, W S Witmer, S H Williams, Chas R Rine, H F Taylor, Robt V Miller J A Harper, G S Peter.

BONDSMEN.—D G Bush, J A Harper.

BOGGS TOWNSHIP.

ALOIS KOHLBECKER, Hotel.

PETITIONERS.—J A Crider, D F Poorman, H L Barnhart, Jos L Thomas, John A Whitehill, Edw Smith, Samuel Charles Andrew Fetzer, Henry Isenigier, Geo W Fleck, John M Wagner, John L Croft, Robt Beverly, J C Wagner, L F Bronnell, Geo H Leyman, Emanuel Shroyer.

BONDSMEN.—H L Barnhart, John M Wagner.

CENTRE HALL.

D J MEYER, Hotel.

PETITIONERS.—H W Kreamer, Emanuel Smith, W Pennoyer, Simon Harper, John Q A Kennedy, C D Runkle, John T Lee, J W Henney, D K Geiss, E G VanFelt, C W Ballinger, Henry Boozer, D A Boozer, F Kurtz, John Spangler, Will L Kurtz, H D VanFelt, H W Love, John F Alexander, D Lose, Howard Harman, D S Keller.

BONDSMEN.—Simon Harper, F Kurtz.

EAGLEVILLE.

ROBERT S GOSHORN, Hotel.

PETITIONERS.—A C Beckdel, D M Barlim, G W Bous, Peter Eccard, Wm Kuns, Frank A Kurs, Joseph S Kuns, James Long, James P Lingle, Geo W Long, W W Spangler, John B Shaw, I P McClintick, S H Kunes.

BONDSMEN.—S H Kunes, Joseph B Kunes.

GREGG TOWNSHIP.

HENRY G SHAFFER, Hotel.

PETITIONERS.—Wm Shafer, M L Rishel, G A Runk, G R Spigelmyer, J D Long, Isaac Smith, Jacob Meese T B Jamison, F Grey, J B Hickman, J I Condo, C A Krape, M C Stover, Wm Stover Jas Beatty, J M Alters, George H Homan, David Buree, W M Allison, C A Musser, George Armbuster, Nathaniel Brown, Z Underwood, Emanuel Brown, Josea Mowery, John Smith.

BONDSMEN.—William Shafer, M L Rishel.

JOHN H BIBBY, Hotel.

PETITIONERS.—W R Bixler, Daniel Bartges, John P Condo, F W Conter, J C Condo, James A Deckert, W F Krumrine, I B Heckman, I J Grenoble, James McCool, Jacob Meese, M L Rishel.

BONDSMAN.—I J Grenoble, Daniel Bartges.

HAINES TOWNSHIP.

ANDREW IMMEL, Hotel.

PETITIONERS.—Adam Bowers, Henry Beahm, Georg Bard, Edwin I Deshler, Jacob Bower, John Gsewat, B F Haffly, John Martin, T S Meyer, W H Philips, Jacob Reed, David Shafer, Benjamin Stow. A J Sykes, James S Weaver.

BONDSMEN.—John Gleswite, Jacob Reed.

HOWARD BOROUGH.

J W NEWSON, Hotel.

PETITIONERS.—Burdim Butler, Jr., Thomas Butler, Robert Cooke, Sr., Jacob Diel, Frank Gallagar, Jacob Long, N C Holter, John McGraain Ivin Reber, J N Schenck W B Smith, B Weber, William Wylie, William Rimert.

BONDSMEN.—N C Holter, Jacob Dietz.

MILLHEIM BOROUGH.

WILLIAM S MUSSER.

PETITIONERS.—Henry Brown, Ephram Bartholomew, Frank Colyer, H F Conler, W M Auman, John Hall, Strahaun King, E N Long, Mark Mooney, John Miller, B E Kister, Henry Royer, John Royer, David Shull, Noah F Stover, Uriah Reifsnyder.

BONDSMEN.—Mark Mooney, Noah F Stover.

WILLIAM G ROOK, Hotel.

PETITIONERS.—Ira C Ayers, W G Bright, J H Kreamer, S R King, J H Kersteter, D S Kaufman, F B Richards, C H McCoy, Wm S Maize, J H Miller, S B McMullen, Lewis Snook, I W Stann, W B Reifsnyder.

BONDSMEN.—Wm S Maize, J W Stann.

PHILIPSBURG BOROUGH.

JOHN A MCOMBER, Hotel.

PETITIONERS.—John Asheroft, Sol Grenawalt, Robert Loyd, J A Lukens, J P Jones, Harris Kirk J S Dieges Adam Moyer, W H McCausland, C S d'Invilliers, Thos Bolter, G W Wythes, George M Rhule, Wm D Noagle, Sol Schmidt.

BONDSMEN.—Thomas B Potter, Adam Moyer.

C A FAULKNER, Wholesale Liquor.

PETITIONERS.—Hugh Adams, William Adams, John L Barnes, Jas Black, Thos H Doyle, P J Fagan, H K Grant, John E Hancock, Jos Haines, J H Pierce, G E Parker, G H Smith, Frank Weber.

BONDSMEN.—Hugh Adams, Joseph Haines.

PENN TOWNSHIP.

JOSEPH KLECKNER, Hotel.

PETITIONERS.—F Brenninghouse, G M Boner, Isaac L Buffington, W H Bailey, A J Campbell, L C Condo, David Fiedler, William Moyer, Henry Moyer, Franklin Moyer, Jos Karstetter, Daniel L Karstetter, Daniel Hosterman, Calvin Stover, William Stover, Levi Speiglmoyer, George W Stover, A M Gressinger, S R Gettig.

BONDSMEN.—George W Stover, S R Gettig.

SPRING TOWNSHIP.

GOTLEIB HAAG Hotel

PETITIONERS.—Jos B Miller, Jos Ross, Abram Stine, C C Taylor, W H Noll, M Kersteter, Wm Bilger W H Taylor, Samuel Noll, Jos Tressler, A V Miller, Potter Lane, L Edgar Jodon

BONDSMEN.—Joseph Ross, Jos B Miller.

POTTER TOWNSHIP.

D H RUHL, HOTEL,

PETITIONERS.—John Wilkinson, John D Deck, John L Pinks, G N Spangler, Peter Smith Samuel Slack, Edward Allison, H C Shirk, Alex McCoy D M Henney. Alf Durst, F McKinney. Adam Smith, W J Thompson

BONDSMEN.—Edward Allison, W J Thompson.

PINE GROVE MILLS.

JAMES A LIVINGSTON, Hotel.

PETITIONERS.—Peter Carl, Benjamin Carl, Daniel Dreibelbis, William Garner, Adam H Krumrine, H D Roch, Henry Kreps Jacob Krumrine, John W Krumrine; Peter Lauk, D S Lowder, Albert Hoy David Krebs.

BONDSMEN.—David Fye, Peter Lauck.

POTTER TOWNSHIP.

JOHN H ODENKIRK, Hotel.

PETITIONERS.—W H Benner, Geo M Boal, Wm Bradford. Abe Kerr, D L Kerr, Wm H Lee, C H Meyer, John Markle, Jacob Miles, Joseph M Hoar. J C Runkle, John P Runkle, W A Boal, John E Reish, C H Meyer.

BONDSMEN.—Abe Kerr John P Runkle.

RUSH TOWNSHIP.

JEFFREY HAYS, Hotel

PETITIONERS.—John W Hamer, Thomas Nason, Robert Morley, John Tripp 2d, Frank Gette Jacob Marks, Daniel Rutter, Robert Laws, David James, John O'Neil, J R McCord, Rich O Neill, H B Wilcox, A M Frank, Fred Yochum, John Smith, Samuel Shewalt, Michael Murphy, Cornelius F Barrow David Powell, John Murphy, Miles Meagher, J S Speece, Mike O'Neil, Jacob Haar

BONDSMEN.—Robt. Laws, Thos. Nason.

SNOW SHOE TOWNSHIP.

E. A. NOLAN, Hotel.

PETITIONERS.—R A Lucas, O M Sheetz, Wm G Davies, Wm Grauer, T E Maher, James Tobin, Danl Callahan, Wm Stewart, Jr, A C Eckley, Jacob Rapp, Martin Healy, Thos Watson, Michael Fahey Thos Hayes, Patrick Kelley.

BONDSMEN.—Patrick Kelley, Wm Grauer.

JOHN G UZZELL, Hotel.

PETITIONERS.—C Boak, James Burns, Jos A Clark, Robt H Jones, Wilson Lewis, A I Hershey, Wm C Poorman, Thos Mooney, James A Thompson, Edward H Poorman, Sol Silknitter, Herbert Williams.

BONDSMEN.—Jos. A Clark, James A. Thompson.

BOSTON VIERDORFER Hotel.

PETITIONERS.—John N Confer, John Gunsallas, J R Goddard, Thompson Gleasone, A C Hinton, J E Fleming, Austin Kerlin Wm Kersin, Patrick Keller, John McGowan, Frank Scott, Jackson Watson, Wm S Yeager, Herman Viehdorfer, Bernhard Viehdorfer.

BONDSMEN.—Bernhard Viehdorfer, John Gunsollus.

HENRY J. WALKER, Hotel.

PETITIONERS.—J S Ewing, W R Haynes, H C Crissman, W F Pile, E J Walker, Geo Harnish, Wm P Confer, Jas A Thompson, Mark D Mooney, Jr, Robt J Haynes, Jr., E A Nolan, A G Crandall, J H Moore, John G Uzzle, Dasha W Bullock, Geo W Witherite, Joseph Hartzell, Alfred Lucas, Ed Lewis, George Roth, Samuel T Dixon, Herbert williams

BONDSMEN.—John G Uzzle, A. G. Gandell.

WM T. ARDREY, Hotel.

PETITIONERS.—Wm Grauer, Hugh Ward, Jas Thompson, Wm Stewart, Jr., Geo W Smith, Chas Tindal, Wm Kerns, Philip Walker, Jno W Howard Frank Turbridy, Patrick Ward, Jr., John Cottrell.

BONDSMEN.—Patrick Ward, Jr., Hugh Ward.

In the above petition the applicant and both bondsmen sign by their mark.

WALKER TOWNSHIP.

HENRY ROBB, Hotel.

PETITIONERS.—William Bellot, H I Barnes, J B Crawford, Joseph A Emerick, Joseph Shoffer N C Snavely, John L Rogers, Joel Tressler, Ira C Gal. Jno H Woomer, P Walter, A A Pletcher.

BONDSMEN.—Joseph Shoffer and H. C. Snavely,

SNOW SHOE TOWNSHIP.

JAMES REDDING, Hotel.

PETITIONERS.—J W Bogert, H C Crissman. C T Cheesman, J S Ewing, J P Glenn, Wm Grauer, James Whittaker. Morris Loeb, A K McMullen, A C Hinton, O M Sheetz, William Stewart, William Stewart, Jr., James A Thompson.

BONDSMEN.—James A Thompson, Wm Grauer.

EAGLEVILLE.

JAS. T. DELONG, Hotel.

PETITIONERS.—A C Bower, Wm Kunes, Nicholas Mann Joseph Beehdel, Henry Uhe, D D Winslow, W R Bittner, W F Gunsallus, N J Spangler, Jacob Delong, N M Kunes, David Tanyer, Wm Moore, Samuel Beehdel, Jonas R Runner, W W Spangler, W H Gardner, Chas Bolpue, John A Beehdel, David Robb, W A Delong, Jacob E Snyder, D W Clark.

BONDSMEN.—Samuel Beehdel, W. W. Spangler.

MILES TOWNSHIP.

T. F. MOYER, Hotel

PETITIONERS.—J B Kreamer, Wm Kreamer, C C Brungart, S Krumrine, J S Fisher, Wm Walker, Geo B Weaver, E Harter, Henry Corman, Geo B Weaver, Reuben Kreamer, R Kreamer.

BONDSMEN.—Geo. B. Weaver, Reuben Kreamer,

Geo B Weaver signs this petition twice. Reuben Kreamer and R Kreamer think are one and the same,

PHILIPSBURG BOROUGH.

ROBERT TAYLOR, Hotel.

PETITIONERS.—John Barnes, Thomas Barnes, James Black, C A Faulkner, H Lehman, H K Grant, H Schmith, D Richards, E P McCormick, D A Faul, D Richards, William G Rook, Al Jones, A H Smith, Jacob Sweens, C Smith.

BONDSMEN.—John Barnes, Thomas Barnes.

THOMAS H. WELTON, Hotel.

PETITIONERS.—Hugh Adams, M C K Barnell, R O Crosthwaite, William Cochran, George Boyer, Thomas H Doyle, Thomas Dutcher, W F Ertler, Foster Nelson, John L Bohr, Michael Laffin, J S Home, H H Homer, Thos Hay, James Morey M D Silknetter, N Cunningham, Joseph Wortey, J I Rothrock

BONDSMEN.—Hugh Adams, Michael Laffin.

BUSH TOWNSHIP.

A. S. GOODRICH, Hotel.

PETITIONERS.—A P Beams, E P Matney, S W Rittenhouse, Jacob Klett, William Tregoning. M Mory, John Isenpett, Felix Miller, Jules Vachon, John Hamer, Thomas Wasson, C M French.

BONDSMEN.—J M Holt, A. I Graham.

PHILIPSBURG

JOHN RAMSDALE, Hotel.

PETITIONERS.—G E Parker, H Lehman, C Davis, D Schwwer, Jos. Lehman, D W Holt, Frank Weber, C Smith, John S Frank, Jacob Swires, alired Jones, Hugh Adams, E P McCormick.

BONDSMEN.—E P McCormick and Hugh Adams D W Holt.

JAMES PASSMORE, Hotel.

PETITIONERS.—A J Erohan, A Pierce, Harry Jones, P H McNauery, J E Johnston, Jos. Haines, Charles Long, Thos H Doyle, Al. Jones, John A Wolf, E K Jackman, W H Benner, Peter A Ark, George Dixon, Wm. Adams, H R Klog, W D Gillmor, J G S Goodwerk.

BONDSMEN.—A J Graham, John A Wolf, Alfred Jones and Thos. H Doyle.

WILLIAM PARKER, Hotel.

PETITIONERS.—G E Parker, Wm Lehman, J H Pierce, Wm W Kessler, Ira Foster Nelson, J W Kichen, Al. Jones, John R Herd, D W Holt, J N Schoonover, T J Myers, A Schlater, A R Herd, J C Homes, Wm C Middlekauff, Jacob D Smith, J M Holt.

BONDSMEN.—D W Holt, J M Holt, Al. Jones and J N Schoonover.

JOHN WEST, Hotel.

PETITIONERS.—Frank Weber, J E Homer, B B Kramer, Wm C Middlekaff, J C Homer, A R Feistel, Hugh Adams, Wm Lehman, J M George, Thomas H Dutcher, John R Heard, L W Munson, E P McCormick.

BONDSMEN.—E P McCormick and Hugh Adams.

S. B. ROW, Hotel.

PETITIONERS.—John E Homer, William Ward, Michael Laffin, J W Kitchen, A R Faistel, Wm T Rothrock, I B Ickes, T H Norris, S W Munson, Henry Lehman, E P McCormick, Jacob Swires, J Feightel, I M Way, C R Custer, H Houtz, Robert Lyod.

BONDSMEN.—Henry Lehman, E P McCormick and Robert Lyod.

PETER ASCHROFT, Hotel.

PETITIONERS.—T Barnes, Louis C Brinton; H Lehman; H K Grant, J M Jones; Joseph Lehman, Wm Lehman John Aschroft; G E Parker; Al. Jones; E R Jackmons; D Schwir; John Barnes; Thomas Barnes, X his mark; John Barnes.

BONDSMEN.—John Barnes; John Aschroft, Thos Barnes, X his mark.

H. K. Hicks & Bro., Hardware and Stoves.

OUR CUSTOMERS

Express themselves as being well pleased with our

NEW SYSTEM OF DOING BUSINESS,

And as we are also pleased it is not likely that we shall ever do a

Big Profit and Long Credit

BUSINESS AGAIN.

Our terms are Cash, and positively not over thirty days to responsible parties.

Any farmer that is worthy of credit can borrow money at 6 per cent. and then pay the merchant cash, and save at least 20 per cent., and then if you buy goods at a cash store you don't pay for another man's credit. We have proven beyond question that you can save money by paying cash. A credit store can talk about selling their CASH CUSTOMERS cheap, but they can't do it, and a person with ordinary intelligence knows they can't, and any one that don't know why they can't, we can enlighten them upon the subject. Our experiment has been a success; who knows it better than our customers? We have a Large and Complete Stock for the SPRING TRADE.

Orders mailed or telephoned will be shipped promptly.

H. K. HICKS & BRO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

Hardware, Stoves, Paints,

OILS, GLASS, AND

HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS.

UNSURPASSED FOR

Early Truck and Vegetables

BAUGH'S $25 PHOSPHATE

still leads. It is undoubtedly the best article for the least money, because it is RELIABLE—CHEAP—LASTING.

We are offering special inducement in strictly Pure Raw Bone Meal, Pure Dissolved Raw Bones and High Grade Agricultural Chemicals. Send for Baugh's Phosphate Guide and further information. Call on or address **BAUGH & SONS,**

Manufacturers and Importers,

20 So. Delaware Ave., Phila., Pa.

ESTABLISHED 1855.

Miscellaneous.

New Furniture Store.

Now open with the most complete stock of

FURNITURE AND BEDDING

IN THE COUNTY.

The stock is all new and personally selected from the leading manufacturing centres.

Prices the Very Lowest.

All Goods Guaranteed as Represented.

Repairing Promptly Done.

J.C.BRACHBILL,

High Street,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Near P. R. R. Depot. 18 7 1tf

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Estate of Peter Wilson, late of Spring Mills, Centre county, Pa., deceased.

Letters of administration on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims are requested to present the same without delay.

Executors, { JAMES D. WILSON, 348 West 87th Street, New York City. JOHN F. WILSON, Tyrone, Pa.

18 13 6t

Groceries and Provisions.

NEW GOODS

FOR THE

SPRING TRADE

Fresh arrivals every day

FINE FLORIDA ORANGES.
BRIGHT NEW LEMONS.
CHOICE WHITE GRAPES.
NEW CROP FRENCH PRUNES.
FIGS, DATES AND PRUNELLES.
FINEST CLUSTER RAISINS.
PRESERVED CITRON.
LEMON PEEL.
CURRANTS and BAKING RAISINS.
EVAPORATED PEACHES & PEARS
ALMONDS and ASSORTED NUTS.
AN EXCEPTIONALLY FINE LINE OF PURE CONFECTIONERY AT CITY PRICES.
CLEAR CANDY TOYS.
MOLASSES CANDY (or TAFFY) MADE BY OURSELVES. ALWAYS FRESH.
CALIFORNIA FRUITS. Canned and Evaporated.
PURE HONEY in pint and quart jars.
NEW BUCKWHEAT FLOUR, roller process.
CRANBERRIES, Sound and Firm.
PLAIN & FANCY CRACKERS.
FINEST FULL CREAM CHEESE.
PURE SUGAR TABLE SYRUPS.
A FULL LINE OF NEW CANNED GOODS.
PURE WHITE ROCK CANDY in half gallon and one gallon cans.
PURE MAPLE SYRUP in quart and half gallon cans.
FINE, FRAGRANT TEAS.
PURE SPICES. You can depend on our ground pepper for butchering purposes. It is strictly pure.
FRESH SHELL OYSTERS opened to order.

ALL OUR STOCK IS NEW AND FRESH.

CALL ON US FOR ANYTHING YOU WANT IN OUR LINE

SECHLER & CO.,

GROCERS,

Bush House Block Bellefonte, Pa.

Bellefonte Republican.

By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

Death in a Cyclone.

ST. PAUL, April 14.—St. Cloud and Sauk Rapids were swept by a terribly destructive cyclone this afternoon. Information at hand is very meagre and sensational reports are current that one hundred people were killed. It is believed at least forty persons have been killed and about seventy-five wounded, but it is impossible to get much information as yet. All is excitement and the streets are filled with excited men and frightened women and children. The disaster is certainly appalling. As nearly as can be ascertained scores of houses have been entirely wrecked.

Private advises says the storm struck St. Cloud between the round house and the freight depot and swept a path of 600 yards wide through the city, leveling between 150 and 200 houses. Mr. H. Clark, a well known lumberman, who lives in St. Cloud, says ninety persons were killed in that city and more than a hundred injured many very seriously. Superintendent William Keman, of the Manitoba road, says between thirty and forty persons were killed at Sauk Rapids and nearly double that number injured. The telegraph wires northwest of this city are all down and no news direct from either St. Cloud and Sauk Rapids has been received.

The latest reports received give the number killed in St. Cloud as fifteen and injured about twenty five, and at Sauk Rapids about fifteen killed and twenty injured. Another terrific thunder storm is now prevailing here, which interferes greatly with the wires.

Reserves His Decision.

Special to Altoona Tribune.

HUNTINGDON, Pa., April 14.—Monday evening last was appointed as the time of the hearing of arguments for and against the numerous applications that had been presented to the court to sell liquor in this county. Large delegations of women, representing the various temperance societies throughout the county, arrived on every train to take part in the legal battle against the liquor sellers. Lengthy petitions were presented to the court, bearing the names of a large number of citizens, which were met by a like number of remonstrances, containing over five thousand signatures, against the granting of licenses. A number of specific charges were also brought against several of the applicants. The court house was literally packed with spectators, and the wildest enthusiasm was manifested by either side when an issue was made in the argument by the respective counsel. The argument was continued until yesterday afternoon and at its conclusion Judge Furst announced his intention of reserving his decision in all the cases until next Monday.

Death and Devastation at Sauk Rapids

SAUK RAPIDS, Minn., April 15.—The devastation caused by the cyclone of yesterday is terrible. Not a single business house is left standing on the main streets, and many residences are demolished. The wind came from the southwest and swept everything before it for a width of about four blocks. The storm cloud was as black as night, with a bright, clear sky on either side. The court house is now a heap of ruins, and several of the county officers are killed The Union school house, the Presbyterian and Congregational churches, the postoffice, flour mill and a large machine shop were all converted into kindling wood in less time than it takes to tell it. What was the centre of the town is now covered with all sorts of debris, timber, pieces of furniture, etc. Only the City hotel remains intact. The Northern Pacific depot was literally blown away, and a large number of freight cars overturned upon the tracks.

At the present time twenty-two dead bodies have been recovered from the ruins, and a large number of people are injured. The bodies are laid out in the nearest houses left standing, and several half-demolished buildings are made to answer the purpose of a morgue. The spectacle is a sad one, the living being not only deprived of their friends, but of all earthly possessions at the same time. The total loss of property is not less than $300,000, without a dollar of cyclone insurance. The town is nearly ruined. The living are caring for the wounded as well as possible, and physicians from St. Paul, Minneapolis and Brainerd are in attendance.

Won't Allow Him to be a Martyr.

SCRANTON, Pa., April 15.—In an interview this afternoon Mr. Powderly, when asked what he thought of Gould's reply to his manifesto said: "I have not had much time to think of it. I don't think however, that Gould has answered my letter. His reply is a quibble and an evasion and he fairly slops over on some points. All there is in his communication has been said before. He evidently wants to pose before the country in the light of a martyr, but the Knights of Labor don't propose to honor him with martyrdom." Powderly was called to Chicago late to-night on business connected with the Knights of Labor.

They Must Go.

PHILADELPHIA, April 15.—As a result of a personal inspection relative to the recent allegations of the Philadelphia *Record*, charging gross mismanagement in the soldiers' orphans' schools in the state and the abuse and neglect of scholars, Governor Pattison to-day demanded the resignation of Rev. E. E. Higbee, as the superintendent of Public instruction, and summarily removed Rev. J. W. Sayres, male inspector of soldiers' orphans' schools, and Mrs. E E. Hutter, female assistant inspector. The governor also sends to Attorney General Cassidy a detailed statement regarding his inspection of the schools and his examination of witnesses.

Secrets Made Public.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—The injunction of secresy has been removed from the following, among other confirmations made March 29: Collectors of internal revenue: Frank Schlandecker, Ninteenth Pennsylvania; C. B. Staples, Twelfth Pennsylvania; J. T. McGonigee, Ninth Pennsylvania; John Dawhin, Twenty-second Pennsylvania; F. A. Bigler, Twenty-third Pennsylvania districts.

Republican State Convention June 30

PHILADELPHIA, April 14.—The republican state committee to day decided to hold the state convention at Harrisburg June 30.

Mighty Winds.

ST. CLOUD, Minn., April 15.—This city has been visited with a calamity, the ghastly details of which have never been equaled since the harveat of death at New Ulm and Rochester a few years ago, and the community is groaning and wailing under a pall of grief, that is intensified as each hour brings to light fresh evidence of the terrible work of the elements.

The cyclone came from the southeast and moved in a northeasterly direction till it reached the river where its course was diverted, and it followed the banks until it reached Sauk Rapids, where it diverged to the left, passing directly through the centre of that town. The utmost excitement prevailed. Women and children fled from their houses and rushed aimlessly about in the midst of a dark cloud of dust and an avalanche of boards and brick. Men lost their presence of mind, and stood in silence and inactivity in the presence of the wind demon. It was hardly noticed before it was on the city in all its fury, and people were not warned of their danger before it was on them, and they fell like grain stalks before a reaper's sickle.

The portion of St. Cloud struck by the cyclone was the southwestern, and was the residence portion, occupied by the laboring class of people, a majority of them being foreigners employed on the railroads. Their dwellings were light built houses, and became an easy prey to the monster that had so viciously pounced upon them. They were like cockle shells in the grip of the whirl-wind, and were picked up and tossed into the air and rent into a thousand pieces, and scattered to the four winds of heaven. The earth was ploughed up in the line of the cyclone and the path over which it passed to a width of nearly a quarter of a mile, looks as though it had been upheaved by a terrible volcanic eruption. It had hardly begun its terrible work before it was finished, and the scene that greeted the eyes of those who had escaped its fury, was one that caused the stoutest heart to shudder. Cries and shrieks of wounded rent the air, and the ground was strewn with the dead bodies of men, women and children.

In the track of the cyclone stood the Manitoba freight house and cars filled with freight. The iron rails were torn from the ties and twisted like the smallest wires, telegraph poles were torn up and the wires twirled into curious masses. The freight house was totally wrecked. The roof was lifted and blown several hundred feet. The sides next succumbed and over $3,000 worth of freight was whirled through the air, and thrown into heaps and scattered by piecemeal over an area of a quarter of a mile. Fifteen freight cars were demolished. The operators in the telegraph office and employes at the freight depots saw the cyclone coming, and fled into the cellar and thus escaped.

It was 8:30 in the evening when the special car arrived from St. Paul and Minneapolis. The run was made in two hours through a terrible thunder storm. The skies hung low with clouds and zigzag streaks of lightning made livid rifts in the black pall, while peals of thunder too deep to be drowned by the roar of the car wheels shook the air. Through the air drove a torrent of hail and rain with sufficient force to almost break the car windows, but undaunted, through the battling elements, the locomotive drove at the rate of thirty-five miles an hour. Along the road were signs of terrible storms apparent on either hand, and the streams, turbid and swollen had burst over the confines of their banks and covered the prairies until the country had the appearance of a world of angry waters. On the arrival of the train arrangements were made to relieve as much as possible the sufferings of the wounded, and care for the bodies of the dead which were taken to the Little Giant engine house and stretched out on the floor, while the wounded were sent to St. Benedict hospital, where they were promptly cared for by a corps of physicians, nurses, among whom were several ladies who had volunteered their services. There were twenty eight wounded stretched out on cots in the various wards, and every facility of the hospital was tested to its utmost to fill the requirements.

Eighteen lifeless bodies were stretched on the floor in two rows, draped in sheets and blankets.

ST. LOUIS, April 15.—A cyclone passed over Monroe township, Nodawa county, last evening, destroying dwellings, barns, houses, and killing thousands of dollars' worth of stock. Three persons were killed and many injured. The killed are Jennie Hooper and Mrs. Hugh Sport and baby. Many wounded are not expected to live.

A destructive cyclone also passed over Burlington, Mo., last evening. The railway station was blown to atoms and great damage done in the town and in the surrounding country. Two boys were killed. Many other persons were seriously injured.

CHICAGO, April 15.—Special dispatches from Panama, Iowa, say that the cyclone which struck Coon Rapids yesterday was more serious in its effects than at first supposed. One boy was killed and numerous persons were injured. Twenty-five houses, two churches, one school house and several business houses were destroyed. A freight train, except the locomotive, was blown from the track and demolished and the contents ruined. The cyclone swept over Western Iowa, doing considerable damage.

JAMESTOWN, Dak., April 15.—Jamestown was visited yesterday afternoon by a small cyclone, followed by a heavy electrical storm. Several buildings and sidewalks were torn up Gazal & Kulewatz's brewery was destroyed and Mr. Kulewatz's house wrecked. No one was injured so far as known.

Thousands of able men fall early in life for purely physical reasons. They are not torpid but their liver is, and the liver blocks the way. They are bilious, yellow skinned, headachy and miserable, all because that great gland declines to do its work. The medicine that can restore to this great organ its natural power will add one hundred per cent. to the available force of the world. We know of but one thing able to do this—Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy.

Consumption cured.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetation remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma and all throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after testing its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this recipe, in German, French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. A NOYES, 149 *Power's Block, Rochester, N. Y.* 17 46 1y

Treasurer's Sale.

TREASURER'S SALE OF UNSEATED LANDS FOR TAXES for 1884 and 1885.

Agreeable to the provisions of law relating to the sale of unseated tracts of land for the non payment of taxes, notice is hereby given that there will be exposed at public sale or outcry, the following tracts of unseated lands in the county of Centre for the taxes due and unpaid thereon, at the Court House, in the borough of Bellefonte, on

MONDAY, JUNE 14, A. D. 1886,

at one o'clock p. m.

BENNER TOWNSHIP.

Acres.	Per.	Warrantee.	Taxes.
50		Coon, Andrew	$ 4 19
58		Homes, Robert	3 20
120		Hale, J M	6 72
50		Harris, J D	4 19
100		Shugart, J D	5 60
30		Unknown	2 51

BOGGS TOWNSHIP.

391	112	Cochran, John	34 50
397	145	Carscadden, D	45 4
143		Deal, Ann (part)	16 10
418	42	Hood, William	49 43

BURNSIDE TOWNSHIP.

415		Black, James	14 94
433	163	Brady, Robert	15 57
433	163	Brady, Wm P	15 8
433	163	Brady, John	15 57
434	163	Bell, Alexander	1 58
415		Boyd, John	14 94
438	163	Bell, William	15 57
433	163	Cook, William	15 58
433	163	Cowden, John	7 2
433	163	Dewart, William	7 8
433	163	Dewart, John	7 82
33	163	Donnelly, Henry	7 2
433	163	Gray, Robert	7 8
433	163	Gray, William	7 82
433	163	Greeves, Alex	15 57
433	163	Grant, Thomas	7 82
433	163	Gobin, Charles	7 82
433	163	Hall, Charles	15 72
140		Harris, Henry	15 12
433	162	Housel, John	7 82
433	165	Kidd, John	15 5
415		Levy, Nathaniel	14 94
433	163	Lyon, John	7 82
200		Miller, William	7 20
433	163	Morris, Joseph	15 57
216	83	Parker, Jeremiah, ⅓ of	7 50
433	163	Shaffer, Henry	7 82
433	163	Scott, Samuel	15 57
433	163	Towers, James	15 57
415		Thomas, Joseph	14 94
415		Wallace, Joseph S	14 94
433	163	Walker, Joseph	15 57
415		Weitzel, John	7 48
123		Wheeler, Henry	4 41
432	163	Wilson, Bird	15 57
204		Withington, Martin	7 37

CURTIN TOWNSHIP.

309	19	Atwood, N L	46 50
300		Atwood, N L	69 00
50		Brooks, Jesse	12 0
415		Brooks, Jesse	7 50
119		Carskadon, D	21 60
200	120	Carskadon, D	24 00
337		Coats, Lindley	60 0
311		DeHass, Peter, ⅓ of	55 97
415		Eddy, Esther	4 9
311		Evans, Cadwallader	55 97
415		Elliot, Wm	120 00
415		Gilbert, William	120 60
434	120	Hall, Charles	2 00
60		Hallowell, Ed	12 60
203		Irwin, James	60 00
403		Kelso, Rebecca	72 60
430¾		Kelso, Joseph	66 00
400		Long, J B	96 0
207½		Lowns, Caleb	60 00
207½		Longstreth, Isaac	60 00
67½		Lowns, Caleb	49 0
207½		Longstreth, Isaac	60 00
70		Mason, John S	16 80
200		Meyer, Philip	60 00
100		Meyer, Simon	30 00
120	48	Meyer, Michael	120 0
420		Meyer, Valentine	120 00
120		Miller, James	42 00
200		Palmer, John	6 20
415		Taylor, Joseph	37 20
415		Waln, Jacob	72 00
5		Winter, Casper	126 00
160		Willis, Jonathan	17 00
433	163	White, James	150 00

FERGUSON TOWNSHIP.

100		Olive, James	$ 20
150		A Barton Sloat, (owner)	12 30

GREGG TOWNSHIP.

60		Carson, Andrew	1 41
150		Cowden, John	3 51
178	127	Carson, Andrew	1 00
130		Duncan, David	12 22
250		Hepburn, William	5 85
380		Hubby, Bernard	8 91
53	63	Hahn, William	4 70
52		John McClintock (owner)	1 22

HAINES TOWNSHIP.

350		Antis, Henry	7 58
242	60	Barr, Thomas	5 02
250	60	Barr, James	5 20
259	60	Barr, Mary	5 86
87		Barton, John	1 78
154		Beck, Henry	3 16
344	16	Bolinder, John	7 06
328	60	Bolinder, Henry	6 92
325	60	Bolinder, Frederick	6 68
3 3	60	Bolinder, Adam	6 40
135		Cowl, H B	2 76
192	163	Epler, Peter	7 4
138		Epler, Andrew	9 25
181		F es Jacob	3 70
262	40	Gilliman, H & S Snyder	5 58
253		do	5 20
435		Hall, Charles	8 12
437	108	Hartman, John	8 98
267	60	Links, Mary	2 60
418	99	Krea er, George	8 50
200		Parker, William	4 10
300	60	Swinefurd, Albright	6 18
179	270	Stover & Wolf	3 6
337	123	Snyder, Catharine	5 08
260		Snyder, Catharine	4 10
88		Tidd, William	5 94
405		Simon Gratz	8 34
110		J G Meyer	2 24
100		George Fowler	2 06
106		Mathias Workman	2 16
266		James Black	6 04
144		Peter Back	2 94
135		H B Cowley	2 78
458		Epler, Adam	8 8
395	80	William Tidd	8 08
368		Philip Geh	7 54
209		Wenzell Grove	4 2
25		Calvin M Hayes	25
400		Joseph Henry	8 30
173		Robert McIlroth	3 58
327		Samuel Metzgar	6 7
162		John Metz	3 36
120		Daniel Rhodes	2 49
442		David Scribner	9 17
388		George Seidel	8 05
303		Peter Seidel	6 27
388		Philip Seidel	8 05
423		E H Scribner	8 76
243		George Snyder	5 02
15		Joseph Thompson	32
446		Henry Spiker and C Weiser	9 25
196		Award	3 95
200		Catharine Snyder	4 15
18		Castoras Thomas	37

HALFMOON TOWNSHIP.

400	120	Joliff, Richard	56 00
216		Lamburn, Josiah	30 29
51		Shearer, Isaac	98
24		John T Fowler, (owner)	1 44
63	89	John T Fowler, (owner)	3 81
67	76	John T Fowler	4 60

HARRIS TOWNSHIP.

195		Fisher, J C	3 81
133		Fox, George	2 72
400		Forces, James	3 90
400		Harrison, William	3 90
50		Irwin, John	26
400		Patterson, Robert	3 90
400		Reed, James	3 90
407	92	Wharton, Kearney	4 37

HOWARD TOWNSHIP.

107	104	Brown, Samuel	4 70
217		Bonham, Sarah	1 17
154		Green, Joseph	13 53
23		Graysburg, Joseph	1 10
215		Godfrey, Martha	4 73
415		Goefrey, Martha	9 13
55		Harris, James	2 30
150		Lingle, J J	1 44
160		Willis, Jonathan	7 52
50		White & Nestlerode	3 30

Treasurer's Sale.

Acres.	Per.	Warrantee.	Taxes.
		HUSTON TOWNSHIP.	
433	163	Baxter, James	9 20
200	11	Chancellor, Wm	4 40
120		Kuhn, Adam	10 20
433	163	Price, John	9 19
433	163	Rollington, John	9 9
102		J C Wason (owner)	4 29
		LIBERTY TOWNSHIP.	
50		Carskaddon, D	42
80		Gorrell, Wm	1 34
166		Hayes, Robert and James	18 91
75		Hess, George D	7 16
309	3	Irwin, Robert	23 48
250		Jackson, John	4 25
10		Jackson, Jeremiah	11 78
2 0		Krouse, Daniel	3 40
30		King, Thomas	34
180		Lytle, Peter	3 80
150		Lytle, Peter	3 80
400		Leech, Mathew	1 70
400		Leech, Mathew	1 70
½ of 200		Nestlerode, Christ	1 70
30		King, Thomas	34
400		Packer, Job W	8 60
175		Quigly, James A	6 70
349		Smith, Christian	13 76
80		Smith Robert	68
100		Potter, John	4 60
1 8		Shaw & Lingle	3 16
		MARION TOWNSHIP.	
42	66	Corman, John	1 43
31		Decker, Adam	7 38
17		Lewis, Thomas	2 19
20		Lucas Thomas	16
50		William Tilghman (owner)	10 20
19		Isaac Frain (owner)	4 15
28		John Zeigler (owner)	7 14
60		Yarger, Simon	3 06
60		Yarger, Simon	3 06
½ of 199		Zantzinger, Paul	4 52
		MILES TOWNSHIP.	
430		Brady, Robert	7 61
410		Brady, Hannah	7 30
255		Brady, Jan	4 53
200		Brady, John	8 55
440		Brady, Wm P	7 81
290		Brady, Wm P	5 15
20		Antis Henry	36
424		Calhorn, George	7 52
4 3		Cerothers James	7 18
150		Cooper, Wm	2 67
125		Dorsey, John	2 22
320		Fearon, Joseph	5 68
4 9		Gray, Robert	7 60
476		Grant, Thomas	8 44
130	123	Gratz, Simon	1 30
460		Hunter, Alex	7 96
50		Jackson, Jeremiah	4 44
30		Levy, Aaron	5 32
25		Norton Samuel	7 55
300		Parker, Wm	5 32
324		Parker, Richard	5 76
3 4		Parker, Jeremiah	5 74
125		Steadman, Wm	3 55
20		Smith Thomas	8 55
10		Scott, Abraham	1 77
50		Scott Samuel	89
150		Scott Abraham	2 67
90		Scott, Samuel	1 60
130		Taggart, Robert	2 31
425		Toland, Henry	7 55
100		C Long (owner)	1 77
125		Wharton Moore	2 3
425		William Davis	7 55
150		Woof, John	1 00
460		William Harman	8 88
401	46	James Cummings	7 1
371		Wm Boyde	6 85
3 7		Wm Grant	6 6
300		Thos Boyd	5 55
413		Joseph Tripp	7 6
200		Thomas Smith	3 70
405		Wm Housel	7 47
426		Samuel Tripp	7 87
419		Hugh Boyde	7 77
404		Peter Tripp	7 44
410		Thomas Miles	7 53
200		Jacob Princeton	3 70
415		Stophel Seidell	7 69
400		John Seigreid	7 40
400		Daniel Seigfreid	7 40
286		Jacob Seigfreid	5 27
169		John Hays	3 78
280		Martin Wister	5 18
170		Wm Coos	3 14
240		Robert Taggart	4 44
25		James Steadman	46
17		Robert Latimere	31
365		Daniel Williams	5 76
60		Thomas Carothers	3 70
200		John Brady	3 77
50		Wm Brady	4 63
350		John Housel	4 63
7-16 of 4 2	134	William Miles	3 11
250		William Cooper	4 63
		PENN TOWNSHIP.	
150		Armstrong, James	5 25
383		Cook William	9 99
150	10	Cowden, John	5 25
1 2	10	Cowden, John	3 5
100		Cook, Wm	1 50
100		Cook, Wm	8
150		Hamilton, Thos	5 25
150		Hepburn, James	5 25
115	81	Hepburn, James	3 60
150		Kennedy, John	5 25
150		Kennedy, James	5 25
104	89	Kennedy, Andrew	3 17
108	131	Kennedy, John	3 24
113	8	Kennedy, James	3 31
2 0		Lyon, Robert	7 0
200		Lyon Ezekial	7 00
200		Lyon, Benjamin	7 0
200		Lyon, Robert	7 00
202		Lyon, Ezekial	7 00
200		Lyon, Benjamin	7 00
200		McCally John	7 00
200		McCally, Wm	7 00
100		Montgomery, Daniel	3 50
100		Montgome y Wm	3 0
200		McCally, John	7 20
100		Sw neford, John	10 50
		POTTER TOWNSHIP.	
100		Bartges, Adam	4 40
288		Bound, Mary	6 30
300		Brown, John	13 20
81	111	Cameron Alex	2 20
400		Cougal, David	2 10
100		Dewart, Wm	2 20
200		Ewing, Jasper	4 40
20		Fullmer, H B	84
400		Forks, James	4 70
400		Garigus, Edward	8 80
400		Garigus Wm	8 80
100		Getty, Christ	2 20
200		Gobin, Charles	4 40
150		Martin, Thomas	3 30
105		McClellan, George	2 31
80		Wm Colflier, (owner)	12 75
34	83	Ropp, Jacob	2 83
150		S wyer Wm	2 20
100		Vanderslice, H	1 10
100		Young, Saml	52
		SPRING TOWNSHIP.	
418		Johnson, John	4 83
18	115	Purdue, John	5 02
300		Robison, Catherine	8 10
300		Robison, Rebecca	8 10
100		Robison, Richard	4 05
100		J Gordon, Est. (owner)	2 70
		SNOW SHOE TOWNSHIP.	
433	153	Bingham, Wm	88 74
433	153	Burnet, Felix	88 74
321		Banks, Wm	12 33
325		Banks, Wm	12 33
60		Climer, George	7 38
434	153	Campbell, George	88 74
433	153	Cox, Pan	88 74
433	153	Cuthburt, Thos	88 74
412		Carskadden, D	15 43
412		Carsvadden, D	15 43
434	153	Delaney, Sharpe	88 74
300		Devling, Joseph	24 60
300		Devling, Joseph	61 0
218		Dobson, Samuel	35 76
300		Devling, Joseph	5 0
4 3		Eddy, George	53 25
200		Fitzsimmons, Thos	16 40
60		Gray, Robert	7 38
433	153	Hawthorn, Thos	88 74
433	153	Hawthorne, James	88 74
3 3		Hale, James T	71 02
50		Hale, James T	6 15
433		Linn, Samuel	71 02
433	153	Lewis, Wm	88 74
433	153	Lewis, Wm	88 74
300		Long, J Z	5 70
200		Long, J Z	3 80
355		Liggett, John	13 41
70		Mason, John S	16 80
433		McMannus, James	71 02
433	153	Milnkin, M T	53 25
409	73	Mitchell, N J	50 25
433		Morgan, Benjamin R	71 02
400		Martha, Alex	1 60
433	153	Maylan, Jasper	71 02
333	153	Majston, Edward	71 02
433	150	McClanahan, Blair	71 02
433	153	Meade, George	62 09
433	153	McPherson, Wm	62 09
433	120	Misner Luke	71 02
433	153	Morris, Robert	80 04
400		Martin, Alex	15 20
½ of 433	153	Norris, J P	47 32
½ of ½ of 433	153	Norris, J P	8 84
433	153	Parker, Wm	71 02
216		Parker, Jeremiah	35 58
216		Parker, Jeremiah	35 58
433		Parker, George	16 45
216		Rafsey, Robert	8 21
300		Reily, Job	49 20
433	153	Shippen, Thos L	71 02
433	153	Scott, Edward	71 02
433	153	Spear, Margaret	16 45

Miscellaneous.

1886 SPRING

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PARKER'S INDIAN SALVE

For sale by F P. ITTS GREEN, High st., Bellefonte, Pa.

Treasurer's Sale.

Acres.	Per.	Warrantee.	Taxes.
162		Tompkins, Joseph	9 93
433	153	Tillman, Benj H	71 02
433	153	Valentine, A S	1 02
433	153	Waln, Rebecca	71 02
434	163	Wharton, Moore	71 02
4 3	153	Wharton, Elizabeth	71 02
5 9 of 433	153	Wharton, Mary M	39 50
1-9 of 433	153	Wharton, Mary M	7 38
433	153	Wes , Francis	71 02
433	154	West, Benjamin	71 02
169		West, Francis	13 94
415		Waln, Richard	4 11
433	153	Wharton, Kearney	16 45
400		Williams, David	11 35
400		Williams, David	12 35
		RUSH TOWNSHIP.	
434	153	Allison, John	183 91
328		Allison James	129 04
250		Allison, Andrew and John Lilly	159 00
327	10	Armstrong, Andrew	11 2
164	10	Allison, James	16 84
390	116	Arthur, Ann	50 42
394	117	Arthur, Thomas	107
433	153	Britches, Isaac	45 03
433	163	Beverage, David	11 52
433	153	Brickley, Daniel	47 70
433	153	Brantzman, Peter	137 80
200		Burg, John	15 90
4 3	163	Boreland, John	19 08
40		Chestnut, Samuel	6 06
100		Clymer, George	5 00
100		Campbell, George	53 0
300		Cuthburt, Thomas	159 00
80		Corvendon, J H, (owner)	12 72
393		Chestnut, Samuel	10 21
433	163	Deaney, Sharp	11 2
253		Dentler, W	98 5
122		Ehresman Philip	6 47
433	153	Edwards, Thos	116 80
200		Erskine, Thomas	7 80
433	153	Funk, John	2 9
2 0		Fitzsimmons, Thomas	3 2
193		Edward French, (owner)	20 1
434		Grant, Thomas	34 8
216	156	Grant, Thomas	16 78
216	18	Grant, Thomas	68 90
433	163	Glentworth, James	11 8
50		Groe, Elizabeth	7 9
100		Gray, Robert	13 00
121	152	Grove & M Keon	3 8
433	153	Hair, Christian	34 4
426	164	Hair, Christian	33 92
434	154	Hair, David	34 4
2 6	176	Hamilton, Thos	68 90
433	153	Hand, John	34 45
433	153	Hamilton, Hugh	22 93
433	163	Hopkins, John	47 7
433	153	Huber, John	34 45
423	153	Haines, Reuben, Jr	51
216	80	Hamilton, Hugh	16 85
433	1 3	Irwin, Robert	137 80
433	153	Irwin, Robert	46 11
433	153	Jordon Owen	34 45
100		King, Robert	4 40
164	10	Kerr, James	86 92
433	163	Lucas, Benner	11 2
433	163	Lattimore George	11

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS.

—Now the high school girl is sad, and she's just a trifle mad,
As her graduating essay she does write, write, write,
But she knows she cannot shirk, and she buckles down to work,
As she polishes it beautifully bright, bright, bright.

—Only one more week of Lent.

—Shed your flannels slowly and carefully.

—The trout-fishing season began last Thursday.

—The lawns now present a beautiful appearance.

—Williamsport is to have a circus during the first week in May.

—The buds and leaves are developing rapidly on trees and bushes.

—Grocery stores multiply on the face of the earth—in this borough.

—Of 59 applications for license in Blair county, only 13 were refused.

—The buttons which decorate the ladies' coats and dresses are immense.

—Dr. Geissinger was fortunate in drawing out a few of the speckled beauties.

—The young man who is now purchasing new garden tools will soon have first-class blisters on his hands.

—Mr. Schaeffer has disposed of his bookstore on Allegheny street to Sydney Barefoot and Oscar Wetzel.

—D. G. Bush, Esq., has so far recovered as to be able to go from his residence to the hotel Thursday morning.

—The next stated meeting of the Presbytery of Huntingdon will be in the Sinking Valley church, during October next.

—Fresh paint beautifies the residence of Edmund Blanchard, Esq., and some repairs are in progress at Judge Jno. Irwin's house.

—The High School closing exercises will soon begin to attract the attention and interest of the public. They will be held in Humes' Hall.

—The Dime literary and musical entertainment in Y. M. C. A. hall, Thursday evening, was well attended and thoroughly enjoyed by all.

—Judge John B. Linn will establish his headquarters as justice of the peace in Dr. Hale's building at the northeast corner of the Diamond.

—Lock Haven enterprise has temporarily turned its attention from the organization of a base ball nine to the establishment of a nail mill.

—Johnstown has no burgess and don't know exactly how to get one. Mr. Stephen Riley, elected to that position last February, has resigned.

—The *Watchman* is in favor of adding one story and turning the rink into an opera house. Yes, if it is a fish story the building will be large enough.

—Occasionally, quite large numbers of young people gather at the lawn tennis grounds on East Linn street to witness contests at the interesting game.

—We hear that Rev. Mr. Jack, the eloquent Presbyterian minister at Hazleton, who is well known in Bellefonte has been quite ill for several months.

—All the shares of stock in the Howard creamery, except five, had been taken when we heard from there Thursday morning. The project is a complete success.

—John Anderson and Dr. Brockerhoff were among the anglers who tried their luck Thursday morning. They caught an idea, perhaps, that trout are scarce and will have it for supper.

—After quite a long and useless delay, the sewer hole at the corner of High and Spring streets was closed Friday. The street commissioner is also raising the crossing on Spring street at that point.

—The first candidate for the pastorate of the Reformed church, of this place, will occupy the pulpit on the first Sunday, 2d day, of May. His name is Rev. A. E. Truxal, and he lives in Irwin, Pa.

—"I have heard a great deal about the Monroe doctrine," said an old lady the other day, "but I never knew what it was until I heard Rev. Dr. Monroe preach that temperance sermon. We Americans should enforce it."

—The committee of arrangements for the Grand Dress Ball to be given under the auspices of the Logan Hose Company, on Monday evening, the 26th, are: Frank Siegworth, John Dawson, John Haupt, William Glenn, James Hull and W. J. Cox.

—Among the patents issued for the week preceding April 13 we notice an apparatus for dumping coal cars, invented by Staten A. Barnes and W. Lous, of Hopwood; a telephone transmitter, by Daniel Drawbaugh, of Eberly's Mill, and assigned to People's Telephone Co., and also a watch key, by Morton W. Geary, of Lock Haven, one-half assigned to J. D. Brown, of Snow Shoe.

—Each day, additional offers are being received to take the new issue of school bonds. Each succeeding bid is more favorable than that which preceded it. If the Board wait a week or two there is a prospect that the bonds will be taken at a merely nominal interest. It is a subject of pride for the town that there is a business institution here at home which is prepared to take the entire issue.

A Bright "Camp Fire" in Eagleville.

The first camp Fire of Post 302, Eagleville, held Wednesday night, the 14th, was a very pleasant affair and will result in substantial benefit to the Post. The very nicely furnished room of the Post was comfortably filled with ladies and gentlemen of Beech Creek, Eagleville, and the surrounding country. After waiting quite a long time on some members of Post 122 Lock Haven and their Glee Club—all of whom failed in putting in an appearance—Comrade Quigley, as chairman, called the meeting to order and asked Rev. Mr. Bardeu, of the Eagleville Baptist church, to offer a prayer. After that had been done Past Dept. Commander Austin Curtin was called on to state some of the objects, aims, uses, etc., of the order and also of the "Woman's Relief Corps" as auxilliary to the G. A. R., which he did. Mrs. Keyes, of Beech Creek, coming to the platform, read a very appropriate address and on behalf of the Ladies of Beech Creek presented No. 302 with a beautiful Bible and a scarf for the altar. It was received on behalf of the Post by the Rev. Mr. Bardeu.

As presentations were in order at this time, Past Department Commander Curtin was called up to present to the Post a very handsome and costly gift in the shape of chair for the Commander, the "Young Woman's Christain Temperance Union," of Eagleville, being the donors. The chair is quite large, frame of solid walnut, upholstered in raw silk of fine quality, and pretty pattern. There is no such a chair in any other Post room in the country, and Commander S. A. Snyder feels most especially grateful, as he has to sit in it this year. It is certainly a beautiful gift and the young ladies deserve the highest praise. Comrade Quigley, on behalf of the Post, made some remarks on receiving it and then called on the Commander for camp fire stories.

Quite a number responded, Comrades Yarnell, Singer, Snyder, Quigley and Curtin and others piling on a rail to keep the fire burning. Rev. Mr. Bardeu being called upon, responded in a neat and appropriate speech and the camp fire closed after another short address from Comrade Quigley. Owing to the glee club of 122 failing to come, music by others had not been arranged and there was none at all, to the regret of all present. No. 302 was mustered January 10th, 1883, by Comrade Jno. I. Curtin of No. 95, assisted by Comrades from 95, 261, 262 and 122. For several years it did not progress much, but within a year it has taken a new start, until few Posts in the county have a better furnished room and more life.

One very excellent feature is the gathering up for the Post room large sized photograhs of dead and living soldiers of that vicinity, framing the photographs very handsomely and hanging them in the Post room. The frames are all alike. A good many have been secured, the intention being to secure every one, and make the room a kind of a memorial hall. It is something that other posts might imitate.

Died.

DALEY.—In Curtin township, on Sunday, April 5th, James, the fifth son of John A. and Mary J. Daley, aged 7 years, 10 months and 23 days.

"Death always loves a shining mark;" and for this purpose the stern invader has entered the home of this happy family for the first time, choosing as his own the one most fitted, in His all-wise judgment, for the heavenly kingdom. Little "Jim," as he was familiarly called, was a bright, active little fellow, possessing all those qualities that make a child a favorite at home or abroad. While playing in the barn a few days prior to his death, some piece of machinery fell on his head, causing concussion of the brain, which terminated in death at the end of four days. The bereaved parents have our sympathy in this their day of trouble, and, while we trust they may not soon be called upon to experience a similar affliction, we hope they will be willing to return to God cheerfully what is really His own. What then may not a Christian be willing to suffer? and never could a mortal utter these words with greater propriety, "I endure it all."

C.

Adam Stover's Death.

The following item from the Altoona *Tribune*, this morning, announces what will prove sad news to many of our readers:

Mention has been made in these columns recently of the serious illness of Mr. Adam Stover. On Tuesday at 2:30 he died of paralysis at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. M. L. Wolf, No. 2018 Second avenue. The deceased has another daughter residing in Altoona—Mrs. G. M. Leek, Second avenue and Fifth street. Mr. Stover formerly lived at Boalsburg, Centre county, and to that place his remains will be taken on the 7:15 train this morning for interment. Deceased was 61 years of age and a member of the Lutheran church.

The remains of the late Mr. Stover arrived on the 9:32 train and were met by a delegation of the Masonic order and taken to the Lodge room to await the departure of the one o'clock train to Boalsburg, where they were taken for interment.

The deceased was a well known resident of this county. We believe he was first attacked by paralysis about two years ago. During his illness he resided most of the time with his children. He has five brothers living.

Overseers' Account.

HOWARD, April 10, 1886.

MR. EDITOR: In an article, dated March 20, we stated that the settlement with last year's overseers of Howard Borough shows that the orders given by the said overseers (amounting to $150) were given in favor of Lucas Bros. This statement the faction is trying to deny by having said settlement published through the columns of the *Gazette*. The auditors' account is correct as far as it goes. That we may not be misrepresented, it is necessary, on our part, to give a short explanation. H. T. Lucas' term as overseer being two years, at the end of the first year his settlement was only in part, and the final settlement was at the close of the second year. During his term orders were drawn in favor of Lucas Bros., amounting to $154.19, for which amount, plus 36 cents, Lucas Brothers receipted to H. T. Lucas (overseer). This covers the entire expenses of the keeping of the paupers of Howard Borough, except $35 paid for rent and attorneys' fees, which amount the "cats paws" could not reach.

CONSERVATIVE.

The Borough School Bonds.

On Tuesday evening, the 13th, an important meeting of the borough school board was held, although, owing to the absence of the treasurer of the board, the business contemplated was not completed. The principal item of business for consideration related to the new issue of borough school bonds. Various parties have been negotiating for these bonds and they were eagerly sought after at quite low rates of interest. Mr. Brockerhoff offered to negotiate them at 4½ per cent. interest and Mr. Bond Valentine was also interceding to procure them, at similar rates, for responsible parties.

The most advantageous offer made for the bonds is contained in a note of which the following is a copy:

D. F. Fortney, Esq., President of School Board:

DEAR SIR:—We will buy the proposed issue of school bonds, amounting to twenty-six thousand dollars, bearing four per ct. interest per annum, free of tax, for which we will pay par.

Yours truly,
W. F. REYNOLDS & Co.

Of course, the careful and conservative business men of whom the Board is composed will not hesitate to accept the bid made by W. F. Reynolds & Co., and thus serve the interests of the tax payers.

Musical and Literary.

Among the specially attractive exercises at the entertainment in Y. M. C. A. hall, Thursday evening, was the performances of "Blind Charley" on the piano.

All were also delighted with the recitations of Josie Willard, the little granddaughter of Mrs. Chambers. She is only four years old and recites charmingly.

We do not know whether or not the receipts of the entertainment were sufficient to purchase the contemplated carpet, but they will certainly contribute very materially toward that object, and the literary society, the performers and the public who attended deserve the thanks of those who are benefited by the occasion.

Relief for Widows.

A notice in the Altoona *Tribune* says that vouchers were, on Thursday, sent to Mrs. Rebecca Little, widow of Fireman J. W. Little, and Mrs Mary McMullen, widow of Conductor A. K. McMullen, for $1,000 and $1,500, respectively by the Pennsylvania railroad relief department.

Conductor McMullen and Fireman Little were killed in an accident at Fountain, on the Bellefonte and Snow Shoe railroad, on Monday February 1, of this year, and although the relief department was not at that time in operation, they had made application for admitance and signed the preliminary form provided for that purpose.

—We cordially endorse the following from the Huntingdon *Local News* as applicable to Bellefonte: "The detestable practice of using the dangerous slingshot has again been revived by a number of boys of this place, who have inaugurated a spirited warfare on the few robins, blue birds and other melodious songsters that have made their advent here this spring. If there is no other means of preventing this useless and indiscriminate slaughter of insectiverous birds and the continuance of the use of such a dangerous plaything the strong arm of the law should be invoked and the violators severely punished. Let the birds live."

—Ex-Governor Curtin, according to the Washington correspondent of the Lancaster *Intelligencer*, is busy putting in shape his correspondence and other data of the war period preparatory to turning it over to a friend for historical purposes, and they say it will make a sensation when given to the public. The governor has had numerous offers for an autobiography and publishers have besieged him with proposals. He won't listen to any of them. He has made his selection of an editor.

—She—"You awkward brute! You have dropped your bread and butter on the floor." He—"That's all right, my dear. Nobody will get it. I have my foot on it."

It is Observed—

That green is a favorite color in nature.

That Bellefonte made the greatest mistake in her history when she failed to make a handsome park around the beautiful spring. "Why," said an astute business man who sojourned in Bellefonte the other day, "it would have paid the owner of the big down town hotel to have done this. The spring is a source of interest and admiration to city people, and if the surroundings comported with the beauty of the spring people would be attracted to Bellefonte if only to see it and to remain a few days in such a delightful place. While the spring, even now, is wonderful, the surroundings are an eye-sore. The fact that the residents of the eastern and northern parts of Bellefonte did not desire to aid in the expense of fitting up a park should have proved all the more conclusively to those west and south that it would enhance their property to do so"

That cases of spring fever are numerous.

That the banks of spring creek are peopled by fishermen.

That the Spring crop of weddings is not yet fully ripe.

That Bellefonte has a superfluous number of good-looking young men.

Adorning the Windows.

The stores in Merchants' Place, at the corner of Bishop and Allegheny streets, present an appearance which is wonderfully pleasing. The effect is greatly heightened by the beautiful curtains with which so many of the proprietors adorn the windows, and which may be lowered or raised as the necessities require to protect the goods within from the sun. These curtains are very handsome, those in Garman's store windows being especially so. Those in Mrs. Whiteman's windows are much on the same style. They present a rich and striking appearance. This block of buildings is really a credit to the town and it is well that the tenants take such special pride in adding to the beautiful effect. Other stores may profitably follow Mr. Garman's example.

Daniel Sweitzer's Death.

About eight years ago, Daniel Sweitzer, who was an employe of Mann's Axe Factory and lived up Spring creek, not far from Bellefonte, became insane and he was taken to the insane asylum at Danville. He has resided there ever since. On Monday the 12th, his death occurred at that institution and his body was brought home Friday morning for interment. Those of our citizens with whom we conversed, who remember him, say that his age at the time of his death was about 71 years. His death was the result of general debility.

Valuable Real Estate.

Although some kinds of values may be depreciating at present that of real estate in Bellefonte holds its own and really seems to be higher than ever before. Quite recently land was disposed of in that part of Bellefonte west of the railroad and sometimes dubbed "Cheapside" at the rate of only a few dollars less than $16,000 per acre. That real estate in our town is valued so very high speaks volumes for the present stability and future prosperity of the place.

—The DAILY NEWS printed an item on Saturday stating that "out of twenty jurors called at the late term of court in Somerset county eighteen admitted that they did not read any newspaper." Don't doubt it a bit. Somerset is a Republican county.—*Watchman.*

Although Somerset is a Republican county, of its citizens Some'r set-tled in the Democratic faith, which probably included the eighteen.

—Rev. John R. R. Robinson, the rector of the Bellefonte Protestant Episcopal church, owing to his uncertain health, communicated his resignation a couple of weeks ago to the parish here. He has, however, been prevailed upon to withdrawn his resignation and announces the pleasing intelligence that he expects to return to Bellefonte to resume his duties in time for Easter Sunday.

—Twenty-five or thirty persons from Williamsport and Watsontown arrived on the railroad pay train on Wednesday the 14th, and spent a while in Bellefonte. They registered at the Bush House. We hope many more citizens of those places will follow their example and we will show them the prettiest town in Pennsylvania.

An Answer Wanted.

Can any one bring us a case of Kidney or Liver Complaint that Electric Bitters will not speedily cure? We say they can not, as thousands of cases already permanently cured and who are daily recommending Electric Bitters, will prove. Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Weak Back, or any urinary complaint quickly cured. They purify the blood, regulate the bowels, and act directly on the diseased parts. Every bottle guaranteed. For sale at 50c. a bottle by J. ZELLER & SON.

—A Philadelphia girl declined to "kiss the book," before a Philadelphia magistrate, saying: "The witness who kissed it before me had sore lips and the one who came before him chewed tobacco. I will not kiss the book."

FITS.—All fits stopped free by *Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer*. No fits after first day's use. Marvellous cures. Treatise and $2.00 trial bottle free to Fit cases. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa. 17 32 1y

—A very precise person, remarking upon Shakespeare's line, "The good men do is oft interred with their bones," carefully observes that this interment can generally take place without crowding the bones.

Wives! Mothers! Daughters!

BE YOUR OWN PHYSICIAN! A lady who was for years a sufferer from Female Complaints and weaknesses, so common to her sex, and despaired of being cured, finally found remedies which completely cured her after all else had failed. Any lady can use the remedies and cure herself, without being subjected to a medical examination. From gratitude she will send FREE, Recipes, Illustrated Treatise and full directions, *sealed*. Address (with stamp), MRS. W. C. HOLMES, 658 Broadway, N. Y. (*Name Paper*).

18—11—1y.

—It is wonderfully pleasant to enter a tonsorial establishment where two cultivated school teachers are getting their hair banged, and more so when they converse on such intellectual topics as the Wilmot Proviso, "D'Aubigne's History of the Reformation," "Lalla Rookh," "Ichabod," Whittier and sundry subjects of a kindred nature.

By accident a man swallows poison. How frightened he is. How the home antidotes are sent down after it, and in what glowing terms the messenger hurries along the doctor. Yet hosts of excellent people are slowly dying of poisonous elements in their blood. The liver should have removed these, but it is weak and diseased, and so ails of its duty. Do you understand this fact? If so, you will be glad to learn that Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy cures liver complaint.

Scene at the theatre. Irate old gentleman who has been disturbed by the ceaseless chatter of young people near him—"Say, young man! What did you come to this place for?" Flippant youth—"Well, old fellow! I came to have a good time, and I am getting along very nicely, thank you."

An Enterprising Reliable House—

J. ZELLER & SON can always be relied upon, not only to carry in stock the best of everything, but to secure the Agency for such articles as have well known merit, and are popular with the people, thereb sustaining the reputation of being always enterprising, and ever reliable. Having secured the Agency for the celebrated Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, will sell it on positive guarantee. It will surely cure any and every affection of the Throat, Lungs, and Chest, and to show our confidence, we invite you to call and get a Trial Bottle Free.

—At a party a young lady began a song. "The autumn days have, come ten thousand leaves are falling." She began too high. "Ten thousand," she screamed out, then stopped. "Starter at five thousand," cried out an auctioneer present.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter Chapped Hands, Chilblains Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25c. per box. For sale by J. ZELLER & SON.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN *Station D. New York City.* 17 45 1y

AN EXTRAORDINARY OFFER.

To All Wanting Employment.

We want Live, Energetic and Capable Agents in every county in the United States and Canada, to sell a patent article of great merit, ON ITS MERITS. An article having a large sale, paying over 100 per cent profit, having no competition, and on which the agent is protected in the exclusive sale by a deed given for each and every county he may secure from us. With all these advantages to our agents and the fact that it is an article that can be sold to every house-owner, it might not be necessary to make an "EXTRAORDINARY OFFER" to secure good agents at once, but we have concluded to make it to show, not only our confidence in the merits of our invention, but in its salability by any agent that will handle it with energy. Our agents now at work are making from $150 to $600 a month clear and this fact makes it safe for us to make our offer to all who are out of employment. Any agent that will give our business a thirty days' trial and fail to clear at least $100 in this time, ABOVE ALL EXPENSES, can return all goods unsold to us and we will refund the money paid for them. Any agent or general agent who would like ten or more counties and work them through sub-agents for ninety days and fail to clear at least $250 ABOVE ALL EXPENSES, can return all unsold and get their money back. No other employer of agents ever dared to make such offers, nor would we if we did not know that we have agents now making more than double the amount we guaranteed, and but two sales a day would give a profit of over $125 a month, and that one of our agents took eighteen orders in one day. Our large descriptive circulars explain our offer fully, and these we wish to send to everyone out of employment who will send us three one cent stamps for postage. Send at once and secure the agency in time for the boom, and go to work on the terms named in our extraordinary offer. We would like to have the address of all the agents, sewing machine solicitors and carpenters in the country, and ask any reader of this paper who reads this offer, to send us at once the name and address of all such they know. Address at once, or you will lose the best chance ever offered to those out of employment to make money. RENNER MANUFACTURING CO., 116 Smithfield St., Pittsburg, Pa.

18 11 1y

CONSTIPATION!

There is no medium through which disease so often attacks the system as by Constipation, and there is no other ill flesh is heir to more apt to be neglected, from the fact material inconvenience may not be immediately felt from irregular action of the bowels. When there is not regular action the retention of decayed and effete matter, with its poisonous gases, soon poisons the whole system by being absorbed into it, causing piles, fistula, headache, impure blood and many other serious affections. BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS will immediately relieve, and one bottle positively cure or relieve any case of Constipation.

"Was troubled for a year with torpid liver and indigestion, and after trying everything imaginable used BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS. The first bottle revived me and the second cured me entirely."—J. S. Williamson, Rochester, N. Y.

17 43 1y

Miscellaneous.

STONE IN THE KIDNEY

Expelled After Using Dr. David Kennedy's "Favorite Remedy" About Two Weeks.

One of the most remarkable cases that has ever been brought to the notice of the public is that of Mr. J. S. Beach, of Stone Ridge, Ulster county, N. Y. Mr. Beach had suffered since Oct. 18, 1874, from the presence of Calculus or Stone in the right kidney. No less than seven physicians were employed at different times, to whom Mr. Beach paid hundreds of dollars for medical treatment, with only temporary relief from agony.

By the urgent solicitations of his friends he was induced to try Dr. David Kennedy's "Favorite Remedy," and experienced a marked improvement from the first day he began to use the medicine. On the 15th of September he voided a stone as large as could be passed through the natural channel.

Mr. Beach concludes a long letter to Dr. Kennedy by saying: "It will always afford me pleasure to recommend Favorite Remedy to those who may be suffering from difficulties of the kidneys and bladder, or any disorders arising from an impure state of the blood."

WILLIAM MCKNEW, 124 FAYETTE ST., BALTIMORE, MD., says: "I believe 'Favorite Remedy' is a good medicine. It is doing me more good than anything I ever tried, and I have tried almost everything, for I am a sufferer from dyspepsia." While "Favorite Remedy" is a specific in Stomach and Bladder diseases, it is equally valuable in cases of bilious disorders, constipation of the bowels and all the class of ills apparently inseparable from the constitution of women.

Price, $1; six bottles, $5. 17 36 1y

Rogers' Grapoline!

This preparation is a mild and gentle saline cathartic, alterative and tonic. It is most carefully prepared in the form of a snow white powder, containing all the medical properties of the GRAPE and other fruits. It will promptly cure Costiveness, Dyspepsia, Heartburn, Sick Headache, Indigestion and all Inflammatory complaints where a gentle, cooling cathartic is required. Give this remedy a trial and it will convince you of the above facts. Prepared by A. H. ROGERS & CO., Geneseo, N. Y.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

17 46 1y

SCOTT'S EMULSION

OF PURE COD LIVER OIL And Hypophosphites of Lime & Soda

Almost as Palatable as Milk.

The only preparation of COD LIVER OIL that can be taken readily and tolerated for a long time by delicate stomachs.

AND AS A REMEDY FOR CONSUMPTION, SCROFULOUS AFFECTIONS, ANAEMIA, GENERAL DEBILITY, COUGHS AND THROAT AFFECTIONS, and all WASTING DISORDERS OF CHILDREN it is marvellous in its results.

Prescribed and endorsed by the best Physicians in the countries of the world.

For Sale by all Druggists.

Send for Pamphlet on Wasting Diseases. Address, SCOTT & BOWNE, New York.

1891y

Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute

BUFFALO, N. Y.

Organized with a full Staff of eighteen Experienced and Skillful Physicians and Surgeons for the treatment of all Chronic Diseases.

OUR FIELD OF SUCCESS.

Chronic Nasal Catarrh, Throat and Lung Diseases, Liver and Kidney Diseases, Bladder Diseases, Diseases of Women, Blood Diseases and Nervous Affections, cured here or at home, with or without seeing the patient. Come and see us, or send ten cents in stamps for our **"Invalids' Guide Book,"** which gives all particulars.

DELICATE DISEASES. **Nervous Debility, Impotency, Nocturnal Losses,** and all **Morbid Conditions** caused by **Youthful Follies** and **Pernicious Solitary Practices** are speedily and permanently cured by our Specialists. Book, post-paid, 10 cts. in stamps.

RUPTURE. **Rupture,** or Breach, radically cured without the knife, without trusses, without pain, and without danger. **Cures Guaranteed.** Book sent for ten cents in stamps.

PILE TUMORS and **STRICTURES** treated under **guarantee to cure.** Book sent for ten cents in stamps. Address WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

DISEASES OF WOMEN. The treatment of many thousands of cases of those diseases peculiar to **WOMEN** at the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, has afforded large experience in adapting remedies for their cure, and

DR. PIERCE'S

Favorite Prescription

is the result of this vast experience.

It is a powerful **Restorative Tonic and Nervine,** imparts vigor and strength to the system, and cures, as if by magic, **Leucorrhea, or "whites," excessive flowing, painful menstruation, unnatural suppressions, prolapsis or falling of the uterus, weak back, anteversion, retroversion, bearing-down sensations, chronic congestion, inflammation and ulceration of the womb, inflammation, pain and tenderness in ovaries, internal heat, and "female weakness."**

It promptly relieves and cures **Nausea and Weakness of Stomach, Indigestion, Bloating, Nervous Prostration, and Sleeplessness, in either sex.**

PRICE $1.00, OR 6 BOTTLES FOR $5.00.

Sold by Druggists everywhere. Send ten cents in stamps for Dr. Pierce's large Treatise on Diseases of Women, illustrated.

World's Dispensary Medical Association,
663 Main Street, BUFFALO, N. Y.

SICK-HEADACHE,
Bilious Headache, Dizziness, Constipation, Indigestion, and Bilious Attacks, promptly cured by **Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets.** 25 cents a vial, by Druggists.

Bellefonte Republican,

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - - Editor,

Terms, $2.00 per annum in Advance

Local Department.

—The lawn mower has already been called into use.

—Maple sugar seems to be abundant and excellent this season.

—We can look at ice now with much more pleasure than we could two weeks ago.

—The dandelion now decorates the green-mantled earth with golden blossoms.

—That fine magnolia bush in the yard of J. W. Gephart's home will soon be beautiful.

—Many improvements are being made to ex-Burgess Powers' house and grounds on Spring street.

—The fountain on the Diamond is flowing. An application of fresh paint would improve it.

—The green grocer in London is one who sells vegetables. In this country he is one who trusts.

—A bonnet covered with birds does not sing, but it makes a man whistle when the bill comes in.

—The fine weather has not yet made any change in the market quotations, although a rise in oats is promised.

—The election of a chief of the Logan Hose Company, Tuesday evening, resulted in the choice of Mr. Harry Jackson.

—Mrs. William Fleming, of Coalville, is, we regret to state, exceedingly ill and when heard from this morning she was suffering with convulsions.

—Rev. J. A. Woodcock is erecting a neat building on the rear of his premises It is designed, we believe, for a tool and play house for his children.

—Dr. P. S. Fisher, of Zion, now has telephone connection with the rest of the world, the instrument having been put in his office on Tuesday.

—There was a wedding at Milesburg Tuesday evening, the contracting parties being Mr. Frank Wallace and a Miss Taylor. Rev. W. O. Wright officiated.

—We have omitted thus far to mention the accident to Mrs. Fred. Smith, of Bishop street, a few days ago. While sweeping the pavement in front of her house she fell, breaking one of her legs.

—Mr. David Fiedler, who lives near Sebastian Musser's mill, in Penn township, is mourning the loss of seven hams and four shoulders of smoked meat. They were stolen from his smoke house.

—Mr. John A. Daley, of Curtin township, departed on Tuesday for Kansas. He will go to the southern part of the State along the borders of Indian Territory. He says he will return in a month. We hope he wont contract the western fever.

—Behind the speaker's platform at the Rink there are the initials, in green, "W. C. T. U.," and below the last words of John B. Gough," "Young man, make your record clean." They are surrounded by a border, also of spruce. It is exceedingly appropriate.

—John Emery (colored), who has been employed for a long time past at the Bush House and at other establishments in this place, went to Scranton on Monday to accept a position in the Wyoming Hotel in that city. He is a competent cook and porter.

—Mrs. Thomas D. Weaver, of Boiling Springs, died at her home in that place on Tuesday night at 12 o'clock. She leaves a husband and four daughters to mourn the departure of a kind wife and mother. The funeral occurred this (Thursday) afternoon at 2 o'clock.

—The Ohio State *Journal* says of Major Hilton: "His speech was a very forcible one in point of argument and facts. He brought to bear upon the subject a line of statistics not often used by temperance speakers." He begins his meetings in Bellefonte this evening.

—Two young ladies who walk along the street, both under one large parasol, look much prettier and more interesting than when each of them walks under a separate parasol. Why this is we don't exactly know, but it's a fact which was apparent to our observation Friday at noon.

—Mr. John Olewine, of Harris' hardware store, met with an unfortunate accident on Friday afternoon. He was unloading a box from the elevator at the second floor, when the chain slipped, causing the elevator to strike him on the back of the neck. It knocked him down from the second floor to the floor below. He was considerably bruised, but escaped serious injury.

—The reports of the Woman's Home and Foreign Missionary socities of the Presbytery of Huntingdon were read before that body on Wednesday evening, the 14th. The former shows that there had been contributed during the year $2,211.85, and the latter $3,219.04 for home and foreign mission purposes respectively. Both reports were accepted and approved, the presbytery expressing by resolution its appreciation of the work done, and heartily encouraging its earnest prosecution and bidding them God speed for the year to come.

Orange Blossoms.

"Two souls with but a single thought,
Two hearts that beat as one."

At the residence of Mr. E. T. Tuten, on Linn street, Tuesday evening, a charming little scene was enacted. Those who gathered in the parlor were Rev. Wm. Laurie, Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Malin, Master Earl Tuten, and the writer. In the rear of the parlor was a bank of potted plants and vines. There was the subdued hum of conversation and an air of expectancy which indicated that something of importance was about to occur.

At 8 o'clock Mr. and Mrs. Tuten entered the parlor and, following them, came Mr. C. L. Gates with Miss Fannie E. Gray leaning on his arm. The party ranged themselves in front of the bank of green foliage, and Rev. Mr. Laurie took his position before them.

The reverend gentleman offered an earnest prayer, and then, directing his attention to Miss Gray and Mr. Gates spoke words of beauty and impressiveness on the subject of matrimony, biding them join hands and promise to "love, honor and obey," which they did. Then he pronounced them man and wife. The ceremony was quickly over. While it was being enacted the eyes of the bride modestly sought the floor with but one glance upward, while those of the groom looked earnestly at the minister. The bride was beautifully attired in a dark traveling costume and the groom looked manly in conventional black.

The customary congratulations followed, and in a very few moments thereafter the company were invited to partake of light and elegant refreshments—cakes, macaroons, lady fingers, bananas, oranges, ice cream, coffee, etc. At about 8:40 o'clock they entered a carriage and were driven to the depot where the 8.55 train conveyed them on their way to Philadelphia where they will enjoy a few days' honeymoon.

The bride is the step-daughter of Mr. E. T. Tuten and has for a long time past been the managing editress of the DAILY NEWS. She is a bright, charming and lovable young lady. The groom is a promising young gentleman, formerly of Loveville, who has also been connected with the REPUBLICAN and DAILY NEWS for an extended period, first as solicitor and collector and later as assistant in the mechanical department.

The writer has long been a co-laborer with them. His relations with them having ever been of the most genial and pleasing character to himself, he entertains for them sentiments of affection which leads him to offer his most cordial congratulations and to hope for them the fullest measure of happiness vouchsafed to mortals. In the words of Rip Van Winkle, "May they live long and be happy."

Entertainment at Milesburg.

Mr George P. Bible, assisted by his wife and her sister, Miss Mary Bradley, and Prof. Lowell Meyer, of Centre Hall, visited the hall of George L. Potter Post, No. 261, in Milesburg, on Saturday night, and entertained a large audience who had been attracted there by their presence. It can with absolute truth be said that four persons cannot be found in this vicinity with greater talents, natural and acquired, than are possessed by these young people. The entertainment was for the benefit of the Post. There was much variety in the exercises and they were suitably arranged on the programme.

Miss Mary Bradley was organist and she and her sister sang with pleasing effect "The Wood Bird's Song," "Come Where the Violets Bloom," "Friend of Sinners," "I would that my Love," and other songs, all of which were received with applause.

Prof, Meyer, whose voice and manner are especially adapted for comic and sentimental songs, sang a descriptive song called "The Main Truck, or Leap for Life," following it with "Hush little Baby, don't you Cry." "The Regular Army, O," brought as an encore the "Christening of Tipporary." "Shaking and Shivering out in the Cold" was pathetically rendered by him. After "Hello Baby!" a call for the repetition of "The Regular Army, O," was responded to, and was again well received. "The old Fisherman" and "Poor Little Doodly Do" closed his songs for the evening.

Mr. Bible, who as an elocutionist has acquired a fame extending through many States, gave for his opening piece, "The Last Hymn." Then came "Sam's Letter" and "The Blacksmith's Story," the latter being exceedingly well rendered. "Signs and Omens" came next, after which "The Big Boy" in character, was given in a style that brought down the house. Equally laughable was the "Woman's Rights Speech" in character. His next appearance was as "Prof. Sam Johnson" in his great stump speech, in which he was gotten up elaborately as a colored orator. All Mr. Bible's appearances evinced that he had thoroughly studied the parts.

The entertainment was highly appreciated and araringements are on foot to have these talented young people return for another entertainment in aid of the same Post.

—The installation of officers of Constans Commandery, Knights Templar, will occur in Armory Hall on Thursday, April 29, at 8 o'clock. Reception in their Asylum. This is expected to be a very brilliant occasion.

A Map of the Town.

It is somewhat strange that there is no suitable map of Bellefonte in existence. We naturally consider our town about as important as any of equal size and population in the hemisphere and yet its present dimensions and future possibilities are not represented on paper in any way except by articles in the newspapers, which perhaps are not nearly so effective as a map would be, as the new and approved system of education is by object lessons rather than by text books.

Gen. James A. Beaver, by invitation, presented this subject, in some of its phazes, to the council Monday evening, and we are quite certain that all the gentlemen present were impressed with the idea, and the initiatory action was taken looking to the preparation of such a map. It should be made even if it costs the borough something but it can, perhaps, be made without cost to the town, and might be profitable as a private enterprise.

On this map the present and proposed new streets should be definitely outlined at the regular distance of 400 feet a part, and those who erect houses in the outlying portions might avoid the mistakes already frequently made of locating their houses on the line of the street, or then if they should do so it would be their own fault and the borough not be subject to damages.

On this map the courses of all steam-heating, water and gas pipes should be represented, the telephone and electric light wires, etc., and the map would be so valuable to each one of these interests that in return they should be willing to pay handsomely for the service.

Then the manufacturing, business and all industrial institutions should be correctly represented with their advantages of location and they, too, would be glad to pay for it. Other possibilities and uses for this map, such as sending it to parties as an advertisement of the town, etc., might suggest themselves.

The council appointed a special committee of three—Messrs. Brew, Munson and Brockerhoff—to consider and report upon the advisability of the scheme.

Not exactly on this subject, but nevertheless, for the benefit of the town would be the opening of East Curtin street to the borough line and the opening of a street along the east line of the borough through to Bishop street. The grade for such a street is good. As it is now, strangers who come to see the town, run up against a fence when traveling in that direction and must retrace their course. Hence what might be a pleasant drive which would give them an excellent impression of the town is prevented. The opening of these streets would not be costly as the owners of property on each side would have to pay for the erection of fences.

Deaths of Aged People.

We are called upon to record to-day the deaths of three persons, two of whom had lived in this world more than three-fourths of a century. The first is that of

MRS. JULIA JACKSON,

widow of the late Robert Jackson. She died at the home of her son, near State College, on Saturday evening, the 17th instant. The deceased lady, who was usually called "Mother Jackson," had been ill for the last year or longer. She was a member of the Disciple church and was fully prepared for the great change. Like a sheaf of wheat fully ripe she passed away just as Nature was developing into new Spring life. But she enters that eternity where there is life for evermore. Four loving sons and three affectionate daughters survive. Mrs. Jackson was 78 years, 10 months and 17 days of age.

Next we notice the death of

REUBEN LOVELAND,

which occurred at his home in Lamar, Clinton county, on the 13th of this month. The deceased was a prominent business man and he was well known in this immediate vicinity as he lived in Bellefonte and at Boiling Spring about seventeen years.

He was born in Connecticut, on the 17th of August, 1811. In the year 1838 he came to this place and worked in the axe factory conducted by Harvey Mann, at Boiling Springs. By skill, industry and economy he accumulated money and in 1845 he went to Lamar, where he established the Loveland Axe Factory. He was a member of the Methodist church and a man of strict integrity. His funeral was attended by a large concourse of people. The services were impressive. Four sons and two sons-in-law served as pall bearers.

SAMUEL HOMAN

died at the residence of Reuben Eckley, near Fillmore, on Saturday morning, April 17. His illness was of only a few days duration and his death was caused by hemorrhage. He was a citizen of that vicinity more than thirty years and was held in high esteem. Those who knew him best recognized the kindness of his heart and the consistency of his life. He was 72 years of age.

—Colonel E. J. Pruner of Tyrone, expects to start shortly for San Francisco where he will be met by a party of other capitalists from Philadelphia, and from thence the party will sail for Honolulu, Sandwich Islands, where they will start a system of street railways, providing the consent of King Kalakau can be secured.—*Altoona Tribune.*

Major Hilton at the Rink.

Often have the managers of what was once the Bellefonte Skating Rink arranged the interior of that building to look very inviting, but never did we suppose that it could be converted into such a pleasant place for religious meetings as it is now under the management of the W. C. T. U. The platform on which the speaker stands is about in the centre of the south side of the room, and around it have been grouped a fine collection of scarlet and white geraniums. The national colors are displayed at several places in the building and electric light illuminates it very brightly.

Major Hilton held a well-attended meeting there on Saturday evening and two meetings on Sunday—the first, at 3½ p. m., for men only, and the second in the evening, the congregation at the latter numbering about 800.

The music at the evening meeting was not very good. The congregation sang several hymns from the Moody & Sankey selection in a half-hearted manner. We suppose they did not care to sing, being anxious to hear Major Hilton. That gentleman, after appropriate opening exercises, announced his text from Joshua 1:9.

"Be strong and of good courage; be not afraid, neither be thou dismaoed."

He said that true moral courage is the great need in the church and world at present, but is the requirement most lacking. The simple, trusting faith and courage of Joshua possessed by the church will enable it to purify itself. It will fulfill its mission of battling against evils and will be united in its opposition to King Alcohol. Men may be called fanatics or cranks. The Christian church should be peculiar in its opposition to all that is wrong and degrading.

The arguments of the sermon were abundantly enforced by Scriptural quotations and by the relation of events from real life, drawn from the speaker's extensive experience. It was effective and listened to with the deepest attention.

Meetings will be held every afternoon at 3 o'clock in the Presbyterian chapel and every evening in the Skating Rink We have no doubt that if the evenings are pleasant the meetings will be largely attended.

Religious Services on Sunday.

Rev. Wm. Laurie, in the Presbyterian church, on Sunday morning, preached an admirable sermon, directed particularly to young men.

The sermons delivered by Rev. Chas. T. Steck in the Lutheran church were among that gentleman's best efforts.

In the Reformed and Episcopal churches the discourses of the day had special reference to the events which Palm Sunday commemorate - the entry of our Saviour into Jerusalem.

Rev. Dr. Monroe, in the Methodist church, was listened to by large congregations. He preached on the topics as announced in the DAILY NEWS on Saturday—Morning, "Spiritual Leadership;" evening, "The Eyes of a Young Man Opened." The text in the morning was from Romans 8.14, "For as many as are led by the Spirit of God, they are the sons of God."

Queer Visitors at the Nail Works Store.

On Saturday evening three men broke into the store at the factory of the Bellefonte Nail and Iron Company. They carefully selected a complete outfit for each one, including shoes, and departed, leaving their cast-off garments behind. In addition to this selection of new Spring outfits, they also, in their search for suitable garments, disarranged a large part of the stock in the store.

The proprietors, in estimating the loss by this midnight transaction, are not disposed to include the cast-off garments and hence conclude that they have lost by the operation to the extent of the value of the clothing taken.

We suppose that after this event it will not be safe for any one to try to repeat this performance, as the next visitors will fail in getting the clothes, but will get themselves into jail.

—Sunday was the day known in the church year as Palm Sunday. This entire week is known as Passion week, each day previous to Friday commemorating some solemn event in the closing week of our Lord's life. Good Friday (a legal holiday in Pennsylvania) completes the solemn commemoration with the crucifixion, Saturday is a day of waiting anxiety, expectancy and Easter Sunday is the happiest of the entire year and the greatest of the church festivals.

—Mr. Maurice Yeager, the agreeable clerk of the Brockerhoff House, celebrated his father's 49th birthday by presenting him with a very elegant gold watch and chain. We can imagine that Mr. Yeager, Sr., will be very proud to wear this handsome jewel, not alone because of its value, but because it also represents the affection of a son which is beyond value.

—Professor W. R. Baker was married on Wednesday, the 10th, to Miss Lilla V. Loose, of Pottsville. Prof. Baker was at one time a teacher in the public schools here and, still later, was county superintendent of Huntingdon county, Pa. After a brief visit in eastern cities, bride and groom will go to live in Denver, Colorado.

Lincoln-Pierce.

An event of importance occurred in Laurelton, Pa., on Wednesday, the 14th. It was the marriage of Miss Carrie H. Pierce to Dr. Mark H. Lincoln. This elegant affair occurred at the home of D. O. Bower, in that place, the residence being a scene of beauty and festivity befitting the occasion.

Rev. McK. Reiley was the officiating minister and the happy couple comported themselves with grace and dignity. The ceremony was witnessed by a select and brilliant company, including Judge Hoffa and lady, of Lewisburg; Mrs. John Musser, of Lewisburg, accompanied by her sons, William and John; Dr. Mensch, of Laurelton, and many others. Mrs. Judge Hoffa is an especially brilliant lady and added to the enjoyment of the occasion.

Miss Lincoln, sister of the groom, was a lovely bridesmaid, and Chas. P. Hewes, Esq., of Bellefonte, was the groom's best man. A fine collation followed the ceremony.

The groom is a graduate of the Pennsylvania Medical University. He is rising in his profession and is agreeable and popular in society. He has located at Owego, N. Y.

The bride is known by many people in Bellefonte, who will wish her and her husband much joy and prosperity.

Fire in a Smoke House.

The smoke house back of Kyle McFarlane's residence caught fire Saturday morning. There were plenty of persons around at the time and the residents of that neighborhood—the ladies predominating—immediately began operations to extinguish the flames. John Musser's skilled services were invoked and he wielded the hose with the dexterity of a genuine fireman. Of course, he was inspired to do his level best by the presence of so many ladies, each one telling him just how to direct the stream of water to do the best execution.

All the contents of the meat house, except a few pieces, were taken out undamaged.

—Of the $52,000,000 judgments and mortgages held by the banks and insurance companies of Allegheny county, only about one third are taxable under the new State tax law. This is according to Auditor-general Niles, who writes to Bank Examiner Diehl, of Pittsburg, that "where banks have paid the six mills tax as provided by the law, and have their capital and surplus invested in mortgages and judgments, they are exempt from all other taxation under the laws of the Commonwealth." He remarks, however, that "if the amount of mortgages and judgments exceeds the amount of capital earnings and surplus invested in mortgages, then the question might arise as to taxation of the surplus." It appears that more than two-thirds of the $52,000,000 of mortgages in Allegheny county are held by banks that can claim exemption.

—It is asserted by the Clearfield strikers that next week the men will all be out again or all at work. This is understood to be a threat that the strike is to be made general again, as it is not expected that the operators who have refused to give the advance have changed their determination. The men now working at fifty cents a ton are willing to sacrifice their earnings if thought necessary to aid those whose demands have not yet been granted. This feeling extends to the Broad Top region, where operators would increase their output were it not that they fear a renewal of the strike. The miners' relief committee in the Clearfield region has issued an appeal for help. It says that many of the men are in a sad state and scores of homes have not within them a loaf of bread.

—The Federation miners of the Gallitzin region shipped the miners of the Clearfield region, on Thursday afternoon, 8,100 pounds of flour, four barrels of meat, three boxes of coffee, one box of groceries, and a large quantity of groceries and other articles put up loosely. There are yet a large amount of donations in Gallitzin and Bennington uncollected, which will be sent as soon as possible. Bennington has collected $300 worth of provisions to be sent to the same place. Supplies were shipped from Lilly's on Wednesday. All the money collected for this purpose has been sent, or will be sent, to David Brown, of Irwin, Treasurer of the Miners' Federation, District No. 3.

—Mr. E. Warren Everhart, city editor of the Altoona *Tribune*, was married Monday morning to Miss Bertha Brashear, of Bedford. Nothing testifies more emphatically to the prosperity of a paper than when those associated with it take such an important step as matrimony implies. We earnestly hope that Mr. Everhart may find city news very abundant through all his future life, and that his bride may be happy accordingly.

—We are informed that Mrs. Moyer and her son, W. W. Moyer, will occupy the residence on Allegheny street, vacated by J. W. Keichline, Esq., and that Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Moyer will occupy Mr. Hoover's house on Spring street, now occupied by Mr. and Mrs. Ellis Orvis. Mr. and Mrs. Orvis expect to abandon housekeeping for a while, owing to Mrs. O's delicate health.

—Eggs are quite scarce. Hope the hens will come to time before Easter.

Personal Pencilings.

Scott Kerstetter has moved from Fowler Station to Rebersburg.

Miss Jennie Boal, of Centre Hall, is visiting relatives in Tyrone.

Mrs. J. H. Sands returned from Williamsport Monday afternoon.

Alva A. Grow was a passenger on the Wednesday morning train, bound west from Lock Haven.

S. T. Gray, a prominent and excellent citizen from Buffalo Run, was transacting business in town Thursday.

Mrs. Harry Schroyer came home on Thursday, after a long visit at the home of her relatives in Camden, N. J.

Mrs. Robert Gilmore, who has been in the city purchasing Spring and Summer millinery, returned on Thursday.

We hear with regret of the illness of Mr. W. E. Gray, who is attending Albany Law School. He is now improving.

Israel Sternberg departed on Thursday evening to take his position in the Government printing office at Washington, D. C.

Hon. John A. Woodward, of Howard, occupied a seat in the Brockerhoff House office a few minutes on Tuesday afternoon.

Jasper Steele, a stalwart and popular young farmer living at Martha, this county, greeted his friends in Bellefonte on Wednesday.

Judge Hugh Cummin, a young but distinguished judge from Lycoming county, will preside over the special term of court this week.

Mr. George P. Bible is entertaining his mother, who arrived in Bellefonte on Wednesday morning. She resides in Houserville, this county.

Benjamin Rich, Esq., of Unionville, spent a couple of hours, between trains, in Bellefonte Saturday morning. Mr. R. is one of the most popular citizens of that part of the county.

Rev. John R. R. Robinson, rector of the Episcopal church, arrived in Bellefonte Tuesday evening after an extended absence. We hope that his vacation has improved his health.

Uriah Evey, recently of Pine Grove, has moved from that place to the Whitmer farm near Bellefonte, where he will hereafter reside and where, we hope, prosperity will attend him.

Mr. John B. Newcomer, of Pine Glenn, spent Sunday in Bellefonte. He heard Rev. Chas. T. Steck deliver two sermons and also heard Major Hilton twice. He pronounces it an enjoyable day.

Mr. William Young, the experienced conductor of the local freight train on the Bald Eagle R. R., between Tyrone and Bellefonte, is in town attending court His home is in Tyrone, but he is well known and popular all along the line.

The numerous friends in Bellefonte of Mrs. John Tonner, of Canton, Ohio, will be pleased to hear that she is now in Bellefonte at the home of her daughter, Mrs Henry P. Harris, on Howard street. We regret to hear, however, that the special event which called Mrs. Tonner to this section is the illness of her mother, Mrs. Cramer, of Milesburg. Mrs. Cramer is 92 years of age, and her daughter, Mrs. Tonner, has lived about three-quarters of a century, being still quite active. We hope that Mrs. Cramer may be spared many years yet and that Mrs. Tonner may enjoy her sojourn here.

Clever Detective Work.

Some time ago there was an extensive robbery of two jewelry stores in New York City. The robbers, who were Russian Jews living near the stores, escaped, but members of Detective Byrne's force, in that city, succeeded in tracing them. It was known that one of them found his way as far as Pine Grove, in this county, and word to that effect was sent to County Detective Mullen.

Capt. Mullen arrested the man at Pine Grove and Owen Haley, a member of the detective force, came on to claim the prisoner. The man, who gave his name as Jacob Platzky was taken away on Monday evening in charge of the detective, the presence of the handsome officer and his uncouth-looking prisoner attracting much attention as they waited for the train at the depot.

—Williamsport *Sun and Banner*: "Two weeks ago Jacob Stephen, of Jersey Shore, was seriously injured by the explosion of dynamite at Four Mile creek. Stephen and some men were blasting and they had placed a cap in the legs. When the dynamite did not go off as quickly as they thought it should Stephen stepped up to examine the fuse when the explosion occurred, and he was terribly injured. He was taken to his home at Jersey Shore where he died Friday night. Stephen was employed by Jacob Ingler as a lumberman. He was forty five years of age and left a wife and one child. From the time that the man was injured he was out of his mind and did not recognize any of his family or friends."

—Mr. George Stover, who resides along the bank of Penns creek, has almost recovered from an attack of paralysis which afflicted him last autumn.

MARRIED.

ARMSTRONG—TAYLOR.—At Centre Hall, April 11, by Rev. W. E. Fisher, Abraham Armstrong, and Miss Carrie Taylor, both of Pleasant Gap.